

# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND OWNER'S MANUAL

**SINCE 1932** 

### **INSTALLER:**

Leave this manual with the appliance.

### **CONSUMER:**

Retain this manual for future reference.

#### **A WARNING**

#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage.

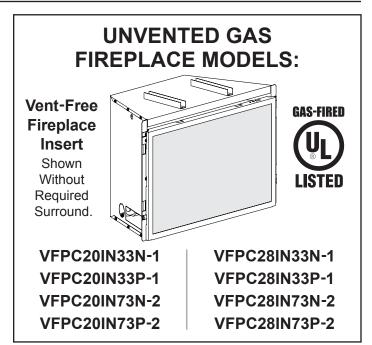
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - · Leave the building immediately.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

#### **A WARNING**

If not installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, this product could expose you to substances in fuel or from fuel combustion which can cause death or serious illness.

#### **A WARNING**

"FIRE, EXPLOSION, AND ASPHYXIATION HAZARD Improper adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or installation of this heater or its controls can cause death or serious injury. Read and follow instructions and precautions in User's Information Manual provided with this heater."



This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to pages 16 and 17.

# WATER VAPOR: A BY-PRODUCT OF UNVENTED ROOM HEATERS

Water vapor is a by-product of gas combustion. An unvented room heater produces approximately one (1) ounce (30ml) of water for every 1,000 BTU's (.3KW's) of gas input per hour. Refer to page 16.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes. This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

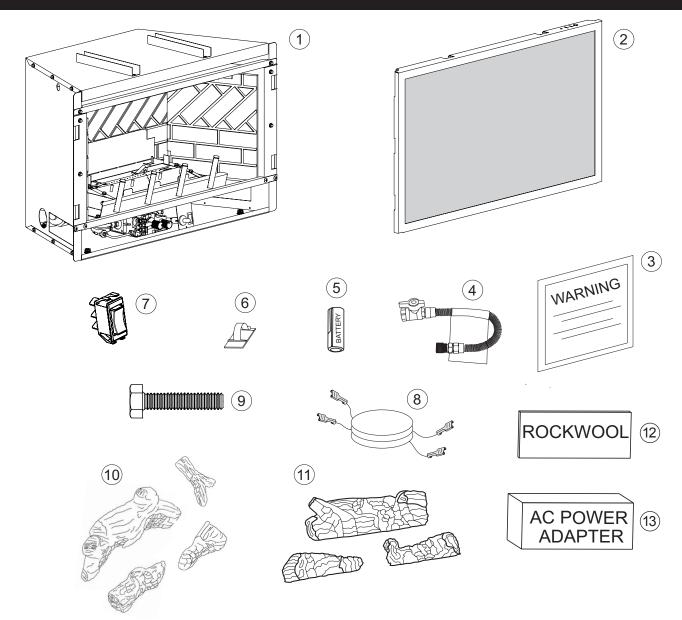


We suggest that our gas hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Gas Specialists.

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# CARTON CONTENTS & HARDWARE PACK



INDEX	INDEX DESCRIPTION		SUPPLIED	LOCATION
NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MV	IP	LOCATION
1	Fireplace Insert	1	1	In carton
2	Barrier Screen Assembly	1	1	Front of Insert
3	Warning Label Plate	1	1	In envelope
4	Flex Line with Shut-off	1	1	Attached to the gas valve
5	AA Batteries	0	4	In envelope
6	Wire Retainer Clips	3	3	In envelope
7	ON/OFF Switch	1	1	In envelope
8	Extension Wire Harness	1	1	In envelope
9	5/16-18 Hex Head bolt, 2-1/2 inches long	4	4	In envelope
10	Log Set (VFPC28IN)	1	1	Inside firebox
11	Log Set (VFPC20IN)	1	1	Inside firebox
12	Rockwool Embers	1	1	In envelope
13	AC Power Adapter	0	1	In envelope

### **BEFORE YOU START**

#### **A** WARNING

Read and follow these safety precautions prior to operating this appliance. Failure to follow these precautions may result in death, injury, or property damage.

#### Samples and Definitions:

#### **A** DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

#### **A** WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

**NOTICE:** Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

**Attention!** If the fireplace insert is installed into a modified wood-burning, factory-built fireplace, the fireplace cannot be returned to a wood-burning fireplace. See page 10 for additional details regarding the allowed modifications to a factory-built fireplace.

Read all instructions before starting installation and follow them carefully to insure safety. Failure to follow the instructions will void the warranty and may cause a fire hazard.

# The warranty will be voided by, and the warranter disclaims any responsibility for the following actions:

- Installation of any damaged fireplace insert.
- Modification of the fireplace insert.
- Installation other than as instructed by Empire Comfort Systems Inc.
- Improper positioning of logs, barrier screen, or decorative accessories.
- Installation and/or use of any component part not manufactured or approved by the manufacturer.

All correspondence should refer to complete Model Number, Serial Number and type of gas. Fill out the Homeowner Reference Section on page 46.

#### Unpacking the fireplace insert:

- 1. Cut binding straps.
- Remove the top carton.
- 3. Carefully remove the carton contents.
- 4. Use the Carton Contents and Hardware Pack lists on page 3 to verify all components are present.
- Verify that the fireplace insert and components have not been damaged during shipping.
- 6. To remove the Barrier Screen Assembly:
  - a. Lift screen frame straight up about 1/2".
  - Pull the bottom outward just enough to release the bottom retainer bracket from the firebox bottom flange.
  - c. Pull the top of the frame forward about 1/2", then lower barrier to remove from the insert.
- Set fireplace insert in a location near its final installation location.

#### Preparation

This fireplace insert and its components are safe when installed in accordance with this Installation Manual. Report any parts damaged in shipment to your dealer. Do not install the fireplace insert with damaged, incomplete or substitute parts.

**Installation Considerations - Fireplace Installation Guidelines**Determine where to install the fireplace insert. The fireplace insert can be mounted on any of these surfaces:

- 1. A flat hard combustible or non-combustible surface
- 2. A raised platform of combustible or non-combustible material
- B. Or, install in wood burning fireplace

If the fireplace is installed directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material other than wood or flooring, it must be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the fireplace insert.

This fireplace insert is designed to be installed in a zero-clearance enclosure. This means combustible material such as framing lumber can come in contact with the top and side standoff spacers, and be secured to combustible framing.

This fireplace insert requires an easily accessible gas shut-off valve be installed in the gas supply line prior to its entry to the fireplace.

#### Determine the following before installation:

- Any desired accessories
- Gas supply piping
- Electrical connections
- Electrical supply requirements for blower (120V, 60Hz, 1Amp) (Right entrance)

A selection of a shut-off valve containing a flange and key is recommended.

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### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**DANGER**: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

**A** WARNING: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**A** CAUTION: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE: Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

- An unvented room heater having an input rating of more than 6,000 Btu per hour shall not be installed in a bathroom
- An unvented room heater having an input rating of more than 10,000
   Btu per hour shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom.
- Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazard of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room with the appliance.
- Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance.
- Avoid the use of scented air fresheners (plug in type air fresheners, etc.) while the burner is in operation. Air fresheners produce a residue in the air similar to candles and may produce a soot like substance.
- Avoid the use of scented or decorative candles while the burner is in operation. Candles produce a residue in the air that creates a soot like substance. Burning candles while the log set is operating magnifies the problem. It should be noted that candles, in general, produce soot. The amount of time burned and the quantity of candles burned will determine the amount of soot produced and deposited.
- Installation and repair should be done by a QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSON. This appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding materials, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners and circulating air passageways of the appliance be kept clean.
- DO NOT use this room heater if any part has been under water.
   Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
- · You must operate insert with decorative front installed.
- Do not place debris, logs or other articles in fireplace insert during operation.
- During manufacturing, fabricating and shipping, various components of this appliance are treated with certain oils, films or bonding agents. These bonding agents are not harmful but may produce annoying smoke and smells as they are burned off during initial operation of the appliance. This is a normal temporary occurrence. A window should be opened during the initial bake out period.
- MARNING: Do not allow fans to blow directly into the fireplace. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns.
- MARNING: Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.
- MARNING! This fireplace needs fresh air for ventilation to run properly. This fireplace has an ODS (oxygen depletion sensor) which will shut down the heater if adequate fresh air is not available. See troubleshooting section in the instructions.
- MARNING: Do not place large rocks or embers (rock wool) in fireplace insert.

- MARNING: DO NOT operate this appliance unless all components including logs, burners, and controls are in good working condition. Never operate this appliance if any log or twig is broken, or out of their intended position. Refer to the Log set placement instructions for correct log and twig positioning. Replacement components are available through your local dealer as indicated in the How to Order Repair Parts section of the appliance manual.
- Keep appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- MARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

#### WARNING

When used without adequate combustion and ventilation air, heater may give off CARBON MONOXIDE, an odorless, poisonous gas.

Do not install heater until all necessary provisions are made for combustion and ventilation air. Consult the written instructions provided with the heater for information concerning combustion and ventilation air. In the absence of instructions, refer to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation, or applicable local codes.

This heater is equipped with a PILOT LIGHT SAFETY SYSTEM designed to turn off the heater if not enough fresh air is available.

#### DO NOT TAMPER WITH PILOT LIGHT SAFETY SYSTEM!

If heater shuts off, do not relight until you provide fresh air.

If heater keeps shutting off, have it serviced. Keep burner and control compartment clean.

#### CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING MAY LEAD TO DEATH.

Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headache, dizziness and/or nausea. If you have these signs, heater may not be working properly. GET FRESH AIR AT ONCE! HAVE HEATER SERVICED.

Some people — pregnant women, persons with heart or lung disease, anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, those at high altitudes — are more affected by carbon monoxide than others.

The pilot light safety system senses the depletion of oxygen at its location. If this heater is installed in a structure having a high vertical dimension, the possibility exists that the oxygen supply at the higher levels will be less than that at the heater. In this type of application, a fan to circulate the structure air will minimize this effect. The use of this fan will also improve the comfort level in the structure. When a fan is used to circulate air, it should be located so that the air flow is not directed at the burner.

# **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

- Sooting: A vent-free fireplace or burner draws room air to support combustion. Lightweight particles suspended in the air – including dust, carpet fibers, candle or tobacco smoke, and pet hair – will be drawn toward the fireplace. These can lead to soot build up on logs, fireplace walls, and even walls of the room. To prevent malfunctions and sooting, have your dealer perform an inspection and cleaning each year – before the heating season. If you have pets or excessive dust, more frequent cleaning may be necessary. See cleaning and service section in this manual.
- Place embers (rock wool) in this fireplace, as shown on pages 24 and 26.
- Do not place lava rocks on burner or logs.
- Installing a television above a fireplace has become a desirable feature; however, the following information should be considered.

All fireplaces, whether decorative or heater rated create heat. Most television manufacturers recommend not placing a television near a heat source. Because there is a large variety of television manufactures, styles and sizes, it is impractical to test every potential installation. If you choose to install a television above or near your fireplace, understand that Empire Comfort Systems accepts no responsibility for this decision and any injury or damage due to this application is the sole responsibility of the owner. Additionally, it is highly recommended to turn off the fireplace and let it cool down before servicing or using the operational buttons located on the television. In all cases, the television manufacturer's instructions and warnings should be followed.

### SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF PROPANE GAS

Propane is a flammable gas which can cause fires and explosions. In its natural state, propane is odorless and colorless. You may not know all the following safety precautions which can protect both you and your family from an accident. Read them carefully now, then review them point by point with the members of your household. Someday when there may not be a minute to lose, everyone's safety will depend on knowing exactly what to do. If, after reading the following information, you feel you still need more information, please contact your gas supplier.

#### PROPANE GAS WARNING ODOR

If a gas leak happens, you should be able to smell the gas because of the odorant put in the Propane Gas. That's your signal to go into immediate action!

- Do not operate electric switches, light matches, use your phone. Do not do anything that could ignite the gas.
- Get everyone out of the building, vehicle, trailer, or area. Do that IMMEDIATELY.
- Close all gas tank or cylinder supply valves.
- Propane Gas is heavier than air and may settle in low areas such as basements. When you have reason to suspect a gas leak, keep out of basements and other low areas. Stay out until firefighters declare them to be safe.
- Use your neighbor's phone and call a trained Propane Gas service person and the fire department. Even though you may not continue to smell gas, do not turn on the gas again. Do not re-enter the building, vehicle, trailer, or area.
- Finally, let the service man and firefighters check for escaped gas. Have them air out the area before you return. Properly trained Propane Gas service people should repair the leak, then check and relight the gas appliance for you.

#### NO ODOR DETECTED - ODOR FADE

Some people cannot smell well. Some people cannot smell the odor of the chemical put into the gas. You must find out if you can smell the odorant in propane. Smoking can decrease your ability to smell. Being around an odor for a time can affect your sensitivity or ability to detect that odor. Sometimes other odors in the area mask the gas odor. People may not smell the gas odor or their minds are on something else. Thinking about smelling a gas odor can make it easier to smell.

The odorant in Propane Gas is colorless, and it can fade under some circumstances. For example, if there is an underground leak, the movement of the gas through soil can filter the odorant. Odorants in Propane Gas also are subject to oxidation. This fading can occur if there is rust inside the storage tank or in iron gas pipes. The odorant in escaped gas can adsorb or absorb onto or into walls, masonry and other materials and fabrics in a room.

That will take some of the odorant out of the gas, reducing its odor intensity. Propane Gas may stratify in a closed area, and the odor intensity could vary at different levels. Since it is heavier than air, there may be more odor at lower levels. Always be sensitive to the slightest gas odor. If you detect any odor, treat it as a serious leak. Immediately go into action as instructed earlier.

#### **SOME POINTS TO REMEMBER**

- Learn to recognize the odor of Propane Gas. Your local Propane Gas Dealer can give you a "Scratch and Sniff" pamphlet. Use it to find out what the propane odor smells like. If you suspect that your Propane Gas has a weak or abnormal odor, call your Propane Gas Dealer.
- If you are not qualified, do not light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments to appliances on the Propane Gas system.
   If you are qualified, consciously think about the odor of Propane Gas prior to and while lighting pilot lights or performing service or making adjustments.
- Sometimes a basement or a closed-up house has a musty smell that can cover up the Propane Gas odor. Do not try to light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments in an area where the conditions are such that you may not detect the odor if there has been a leak of Propane Gas.
- Odor fade, due to oxidation by rust or adsorption on walls of new cylinders and tanks, is possible. Therefore, people should be particularly alert and careful when new tanks or cylinders are placed in service. Odor fade can occur in new tanks, or reinstalled old tanks, if they are filled and allowed to set too long before refilling. Cylinders and tanks which have been out of service for a time may develop internal rust which will cause odor fade. If such conditions are suspected to exist, a periodic sniff test of the gas is advisable. If you have any question about the gas odor, call your Propane Gas Dealer. A periodic sniff test of the Propane Gas is a good safety measure under any condition.

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# SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF PROPANE GAS (CONT'D)

- If, at any time, you do not smell the Propane Gas odorant and you think you should, assume you have a leak. Then take the same immediate action recommended above for the occasion when you do detect the odorized Propane Gas.
- If you experience a complete "gas out," (the container is under no vapor pressure), turn the tank valve off immediately. If the container valve is left on, the container may draw in some air through openings such as pilot light orifices. If this occurs, some new internal rusting could occur.

If the valve is left open, then treat the container as a new tank. Always be sure your container is under vapor pressure by turning it off at the container before it goes completely empty or having it refilled before it is completely empty.

# **IMPORTANT INSTALLATION GUIDELINES**

#### PROPER LOG PLACEMENT

Log placement is critical to proper burner performance. Logs must be correctly positioned onto the burner. The photos in this manual show the proper pinned position for logs on this set. Owners need to be shown proper log placement and instructed not to move the logs.

Logs must fit firmly onto the burner when positioned as shown in the photos. Malformed logs or logs with sloppy pin holes must be replaced.

# PROPER PLACEMENT OF ROCK WOOL AND DECORATIVE LAVA ROCK

Rock wool can be added to burners for a glowing ember effect. It must be positioned only on the front portion of the burner. The photos in this manual show the proper placement of rock wool.

Decorative lava rock or small wood pieces should never be placed on the burner. These items are only for placement on the floor of the fireplace or firebox.

#### PROPER PRIMARY AIRFLOW INTO BURNER

For proper burner operation and flame appearance, the flow of primary air into the venturi tube, located on the rear of the burner, must not be reduced. This flow of air is reduced if dirt, lint or other obstructions build-up around or inside the venturi. Any obstruction in the venturi tube area must be removed. The flow of air into the venturi is also reduced if the gas orifice isn't centered in the venturi inlet and/or is not aligned with the venturi. Any misalignment of the burner orifice may be corrected by bending the shutter cap holding the orifice to the inlet of the venturi tube.

# CEILING FANS, PORTABLE FANS OR LOGS INSTALLED NEAR COLD AIR RETURNS

Ceiling fans or oscillating floor type fans need to be monitored during the operation of vent-free logs. If the air blows directly into the flame causing it to impinge on the log set, or firebox, it should be turned off or redirected. Ceiling fans could be reversed to possibly eliminate flame impingement, and the floor fan could be redirected. Upon installation, be aware of any cold air returns or vents in the proximity of the log set. Any draft created around a vent-free log set can cause the flame to impinge on the log and create a sooting situation.

#### **A** WARNING

Do not allow fans to blow directly into the fireplace. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns.

#### **A** WARNING

Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.

#### **CANDLES**

Avoid the use of scented or decorative candles while the log set is in operation. Candles produce a residue in the air that creates a soot like substance. Burning candles while the log set is operating magnifies the problem. It should be noted that candles, in general, produce soot. The amount of time burned and the quantity of candles burned will determine the amount of soot produced and deposited.

#### MAKE OWNERS AWARE OF PROPER LOG SET OPERATION

Properly installed and properly maintained log sets do not deposit soot on the logs. If users see soot appear on a log, call for service. Do not continue to operate the log set.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate and may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home where not prohibited by local codes. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

#### **A** CAUTION

Do not operate the appliance with panel(s) removed, cracked or broken. Replacement of the panel(s) should be done by a licensed or qualified service person.

#### **A** WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

### INTRODUCTION

#### Instructions to Installer

- Installer must leave instruction manual with owner after installation.
- Installer must have owner fill out and mail warranty card supplied with unvented room heater.
- Installer should show owner how to start and operate unvented room heater.

Always consult your local Building Department regarding regulations, codes or ordinances which apply to the installation of an unvented room heater.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket\* manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by state or local codes.

\*Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer.

#### **Well Head Gas Installations**

Some Natural Gas utilities use "well head" gas. This may affect the Btu output of the unit and promote sooting. Units shall not be converted to use well head gas.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

#### **MARNING**

Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous. Improper installation or use of the heater can cause serious injury or death from fire, burns, explosion or carbon monoxide poisoning.

This series is design certified in accordance with American National Standard Z21.11.2-2016 as an Unvented Room Heater and should be installed according to these instructions.

Any alteration of the original design, installed other than as shown in these instructions or use with a type of gas not shown on the rating plate is the responsibility of the person and company making the change.

# VFPC28IN3 and VFPC20IN3 Series Only 750 Millivolt System

When you ignite the pilot, the thermocouple produces millivolts (electrical current) which energizes the magnet in the gas valve. After 30 seconds to 1 minute time period you can release the gas control knob and the pilot will stay ON. Allow your pilot flame to operate an additional one (1) to two (2) minutes before you turn the gas control knob from the PILOT position to the ON position. This time period allows the millivolts (electrical energy) to build-up to a sufficient level allowing the gas control to operate properly.

#### **Important**

All correspondence should refer to complete Model Number, Serial Number and type of gas.

**NOTICE:** During initial firing of this unit, its paint will bake out, and smoke will occur. To prevent triggering of smoke alarms, ventilate the room in which the unit is installed.

#### Installation on Rugs and Tile

If this appliance is installed directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring the appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.

The base referred to above does not mean the fire-proof base as used on wood stoves. The protection is for rugs that are extremely thick and light colored tile.

Solid-fuels shall not be burned in a masonry or *UL 127* factory-built fireplace in which an unvented room heater is installed.

#### **Qualified Installing Agency**

Installation and replacement of gas piping, gas utilization equipment or accessories and repair and servicing of equipment shall be performed only by a qualified agency. The term "qualified agency" means any individual, firm, corporation or company which either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for (a) the installation or replacement of gas piping or (b) the connection, installation, repair or servicing of equipment, who is experienced in such work, familiar with all precautions required and has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Sellers of Unvented Propane or Natural Gas-Fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Unvented Propane and Natural Gas-Fired space heaters shall be prohibited in bedrooms and bathrooms.

The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1.\* \*Available from the American National Standards Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10018.

#### **A** WARNING

This appliance is equipped for (Natural or Propane Gas). Field conversion is not permitted.

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# **SPECIFICATIONS**

VFPC28IN3*	Propane	Natural
Input Btu/hr Maximum	28,000	28,000
Input Btu/hr Minimum	23,000	20,000
Orifice	#52	#38
Air Shutter Opening	Full Open	1/8"
VFPC28IN7*	Propane	Natural
Input Btu/hr Maximum	28,000	28,000
Input Btu/hr Minimum	23,000	20,000
Orifice	#52	#38
Air Shutter Opening	Full Open	1/8"
VFPC20IN3*	Propane	Natural
Input Btu/hr Maximum	20,000	20,000
Input Btu/hr Minimum	15,000	14,000
Orifice	#55	2.1mm
		4 (0.11
Air Shutter Opening	Full Open	1/8"
Air Shutter Opening  VFPC20IN7*	Propane	1/8" Natural
	·	
VFPC20IN7*	Propane	Natural
VFPC20IN7* Input Btu/hr Maximum	<b>Propane</b> 20,000	Natural 20,000

Surround Kit	Description
DS20433BL	Metal Surround 3-Sided, 1-Piece, (4x3x1) Matte Black (34Wx21.5Hx1D) For Use With VFPC20IN Inserts
DS20763BL	Metal Surround 3-Sided, 1-Piece, (7x6x1) Matte Black (40Wx24.5Hx1D) For Use With VFPC20IN Inserts
DS28433BL	Metal Surround 3-Sided, 1-Piece, (4x3x1) Matte Black (37Wx24.5Hx1D) For Use With VFPC28IN Inserts
DS28763BL	Metal Surround 3-Sided, 1-Piece, (4x3x1) Matte Black (43Wx27.5Hx1D) For Use With VFPC28IN Inserts
DS20334BL	Metal Surround 4-Sided, 1-Piece, Matte Black (34Wx22-7/8Hx1/8D) For Use With VFPC20IN Inserts
DS28334BL	Metal Surround 4-Sided, 1-Piece, Matte Black (37Wx25-7/8Hx1/8D) For Use With VFPC28IN Inserts
SC256BL	Cast Iron Surround (for use with VFPC 20-inch Inserts) NOTE: SAN20 Adaptor Kit Required
SC336BL	Cast Iron Surround (for use with VFPC 28-inch Inserts) NOTE: SAN28 Adaptor Kit Required

Adaptor Kit	Description
SAN20	Surround Adaptor Kit - Required For Cast Iron Surround With VFPC20IN Inserts
SAN28	Surround Adaptor Kit - Required For Cast Iron Surround With VFPC28IN Inserts

Optional Control Accessories			
Remote Control Accessories	Description		
FRBC	Millivolt/IP Battery Operated Remote Control		
FRBTC	Millivolt/IP Battery Operated Remote Control with Thermostat		
FRBTP	Battery Operated Programmable Remote Control		
FWS-1	Millivolt/IP Wall Switch		
TRW	Millivolt/IP Remote Wall Thermostat (Wireless)		
TMV	Millivolt/IP Wall Thermostat, - Reed Switch		
FREC	Electric Remote Control		

VFPC(20,28)IN7 Optional Accessories			
Part Number	Description		
RVKN	Variable Remote Kit - IP Natural		
RVKP	Variable Remote Kit - IP Propane		

Contact your Empire Dealer for more information.

### **INSTALLATION IN A FIREPLACE**

- First check to make sure there is no hidden damage to the unit. Take a minute and plan out the gas and electrical route. It is best to start with the gas line first, followed by the electrical supply requirements.
- Minimum fireplace opening requirements are shown in Figure 2 of this installation manual. The firebrick (refractory), glass doors, screen rails, screen mesh and log grates can be removed from a fireplace in order to gain minimum gas insert opening requirements prior to installing the gas fireplace insert.

#### **A** CAUTION

Determine the total thickness of finishing materials (i.e. stone, brick or marble) so that the proper dimensions can be maintained for installing the fireplace and decorative fronts.

- 3. Although the insert does not require a hearth extension, only heat resistant materials such as stone, metal, tile, etc. should be used. Do not use vinyl, carpet, or wood based products within 16 inches of the insert face. Do not obstruct the lower vented openings on the insert. NOTE: The original fireplace cannot be returned to solid fuel use without returning the hearth extension to the specification required for a solid fuel fireplace.
- 4. The side walls, top and floor structures of the firebox may not be altered with the exception of removable baffles and dampers. Smoke shields, shelves and baffles may be removed. The original fireplace cannot be returned to solid fuel in this condition.
- 5. The insert surround is tested and approved with this gas insert and may cover existing air circulation vents or grills on the solid fuel fireplace it is installed into. If the surround does not cover the entire ventilation grill surface, the exposed grill area should be left open.

**NOTICE:** Cutting any sheet-metal from the decommissioned fireplace or firebox for the installation of zero-clearance unvented fireplace insert, may be necessary and is acceptable in this application.

**NOTICE:** The following statement is also provided on a separate label plate in the instruction packet. Prior to installation of the fire-place insert, the installer must mechanically secure this warning plate to the inside of the fireplace for future reference as required.

#### **A** WARNING

The solid fuel fireplace has been converted for use with gas only and cannot be used for burning wood or solid fuels unless all original parts have been replaced and the fireplace has been reapproved by the authority having jurisdiction.

#### Positioning, Leveling and Securing Insert

6. Place the insert into position.

**NOTICE:** The front flanges of the insert (without surround panels) should be set at approximately 1" in front of the face of the fireplace.

- Level the insert from side to side and front to back.
- If necessary, use the leveling bolts included in the instruction pack. Screw the legs into the nuts installed in the bottom of the insert. Turn legs in until insert is level.

**NOTICE:** The best way to access the leveling bolt locations is to remove the burner and firebox bottom.

**NOTICE:** If desired, it is acceptable to attach metal strapping or brackets (not provided) from the fireplace cavity to the insert outer jacket to secure the fireplace insert to the fireplace hearth or opening.

9. Install the insert without the surround panels attached and make all gas venting and electrical connections. If the control module, receiver and other electrical devices are pulled out to install the gas line, they must be placed back into the location where they were from the factory. The gas flexline may cross over the control module.

#### **A** WARNING

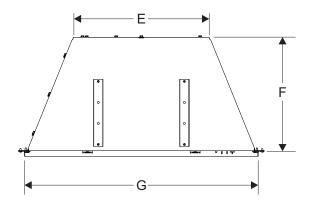
Verfity that all wire connections are secure.

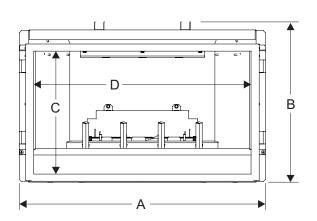
If the factory built fireplace does not have gas access holes provided, an access hole of 1 1/2" diameter (37.5mm) or less may be drilled through the lower sides or bottom of the firebox in a proper workmanship like manner. This access hole must be plugged with a non-combustible insulation after the gas supply line has been installed.

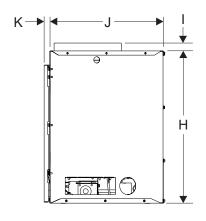
 The surround panel assembly is attached to the fireplace after it has been installed with all the gas and electrical connections completed. Refer to instructions included with the surround panel kit.

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# FIREPLACE INSERT DIMENSIONS





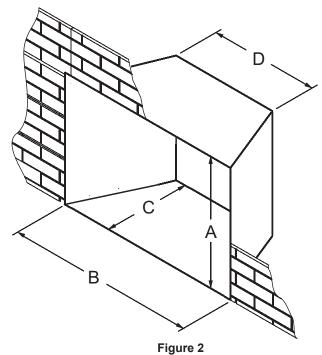


VF FIREPLACE INSERT DIMENSIONS											
MODEL	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	- 1	J	K
VFPC(10,20)IN	29-1/4"	19-1/8"	14-5/8"	25-7/8"	16-3/16"	13-9/16"	27-13/16"	18-1/8"	15/16"	13-9/16"	11/16"
VFPC28IN	32-1/4"	22-1/8"	17-5/8"	28-7/8"	17-13/16"	15-1/16"	30-13/16"	21-1/8"	15/16"	14-15/16"	11/16"

Figure 1

Fireplace Opening Dimensional Information/Sizing				
MINIMUM FIREPLACE OPENING DIMENSIONS				
MODEL	HEIGHT A	FRONT WIDTH B	DEPTH C	REAR WIDTH D
VFPC(10,20)IN	19-3/8"	27-1/2" *	13-1/2"	15-3/4"
VFPC28IN	22-3/8"	30-1/2" *	15"	19"

**NOTICE**: These are the minimum dimensions of a fireplace that the fireplace insert will fit into. It allows room for the box and the fireplace surround to fit onto the front of the unit. It is not intended to be used for framing dimensions. Refer to Figures 3 to 5 for framing dimensions.



### **BUILT-IN FIREPLACE INSTALLATION**

In planning the installation for the fireplace, it is necessary to determine where the unit is to be installed and whether optional accessories are desired. Gas supply piping should also be planned at this time.

The fireplace can be mounted on any of these surfaces:

- 1. A flat hard combustible or non-combustible surface.
- 2. A raised platform of combustible or non-combustible material.
- Four corners of the fireplace so contact is made on all four perimeter edges on the bottom of the unit. (Example: Four concrete masonry blocks.)

This unit is designed to be installed in a zero-clearance enclosure. This means the combustible material can come in contact with the firebox.

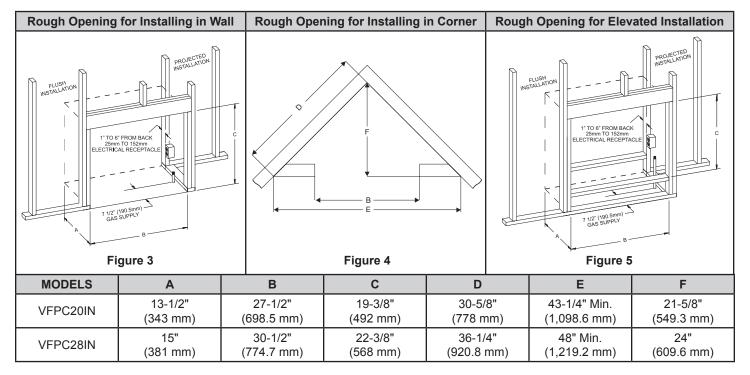
#### **Built-In Fireplace Installation**

Built-in installation of this fireplace involves installing the fireplace into a framed-in enclosure. This makes the front of the fireplace flush with a wall.

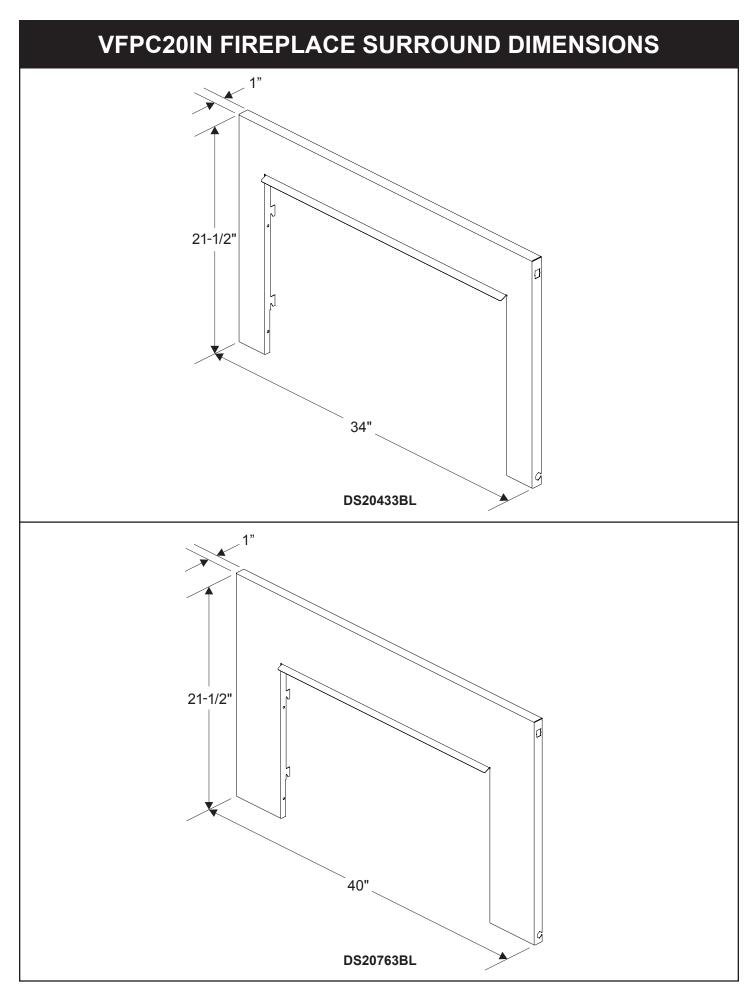
Frame in rough opening. Use dimensions show in **Figure 3** for a conventional rough opening. Use dimensions shown in **Figure 4** for corner rough opening. Use **Figure 5** for an elevated installation. Be sure to provided support to the bottom of the fireplace. Be sure to provide gas line for fireplace and electrical power for a blower assembly, if included.

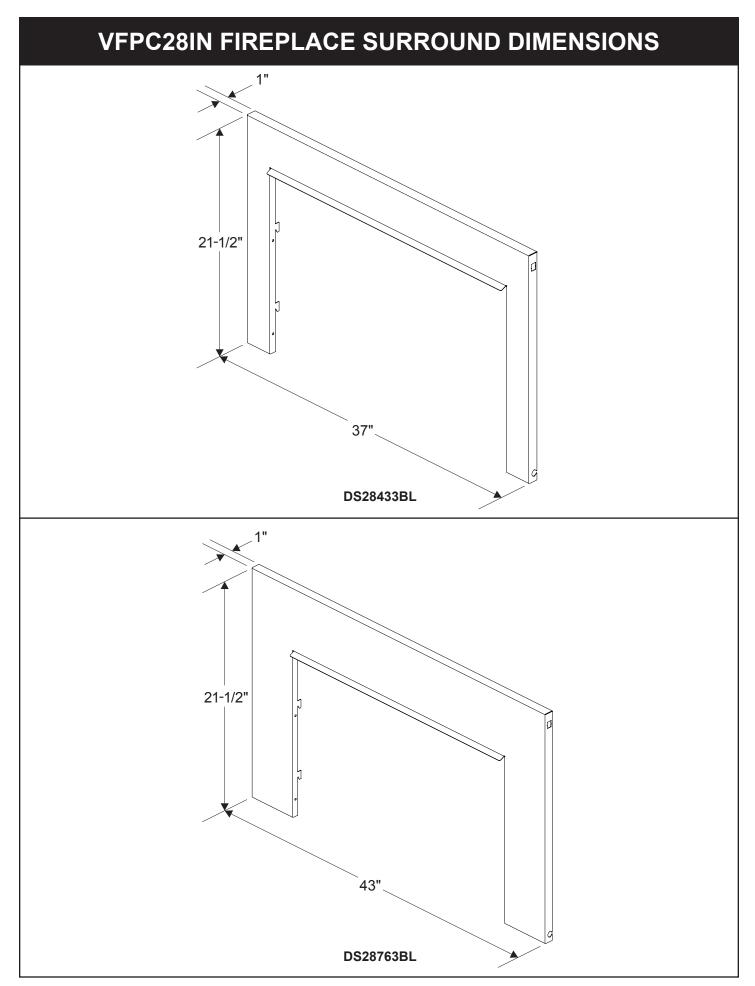
Although the insert does not require a hearth extension, only heat resistant materials such as stone, metal, tile, etc. should be used. Do not use vinyl, carpet, or wood based products within 16 inches of the insert face. Do not obstruct the lower vented openings on the insert.

- Gas line connections must be made at this time. When facing the appliance, the gas supply will enter on the righthand side. See "Gas Supply" page 18 to 19.
- 2. Insert fireplace into enclosure.
- Level firebox.
- Finished wall surface will be flush to the back edges of surround top and sides.
- The surround panel assembly is installed after the fireplace has been installed with all the gas and electrical connection completed. Refer to instructions included with the surround panel kit.
- 6. Installation of built-in fireplace is completed.



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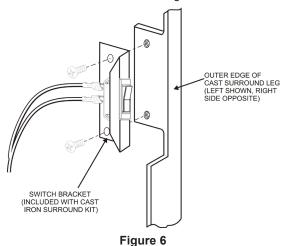
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# **ALTERNATE ON/OFF SWITCH INSTALLATION**

#### **Cast Iron Surrounds**

Cast Iron Surrounds require a surround adaptor kit. See page 9 for kit information.

- Find the coiled low voltage wire assembly and ON/OFF switch located in the instruction packet.
- 2a. Attach the flag terminal ends to the "TH/TP" and "TH" terminals on the front terminal block of the MV gas valve. See Figure 19 on page 21.
- 2b. Attach the flag terminals to the green and white wire terminals located in the bottom of the insert near the gas valve. **See Figures 20 and 21** on page 21.
- Run the low voltage alternate switch wires up the back of the right or left cast surround leg. Then secure them with the wire clips provided.
- Install the switch bracket with screws as shown in Figure 6 to the back of the cast surround leg.



# *NOTICE*: For right side leg installation, reverse switch position in bracket.

- 5. Install ON/OFF switch, and connect low-voltage wires from gas valve (MV) or control module (IP).
- 6. Attach cast surround panel assembly to the insert. Place the cast surround assembly to the face of the insert. Align the inside brackets on the cast surround with the flanges on the insert. Install four #8 x 1/2 truss head sheet metal screws to secure the surround.

# WATER VAPOR: A BY-PRODUCT OF UNVENTED ROOM HEATERS

Water vapor is a by-product of gas combustion. An unvented room heater produces approximately one ounce (30ml) of water for every 1,000 BTU's (.3KW's) of gas input per hour.

Unvented room heaters are recommended as supplemental heat (a room) rather than a primary heat source (an entire house). In most supplemental heat applications, the water vapor does not create a problem. In most applications, the water vapor enhances the low humidity atmosphere experienced during cold weather.

The following steps will help insure that water vapor does not become a problem.

- 1. Be sure the heater is sized properly for the application, including ample combustion air and circulation air.
- 2. If high humidity is experienced, a dehumidifier may be used to help lower the water vapor content of the air.
- 3. Do not use an unvented room heater as the primary heat source.

### PROVISIONS FOR ADEQUATE COMBUSTION & VENTILATION AIR

This heater shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

#### **Installation in a Confined Space**

A confined space is an area with volume less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btuh of the combined input rates of all appliances drawing combustion air from that space. Small areas such as equipment rooms are confined spaces. Furnaces installed in a confined space which supply heated air to areas outside the space must draw return air from outside the space through tightly sealed return air ducts. A confined space must have 2 openings into the space for combustion air. One opening must be within 12 inches of the ceiling and the other must be within 12 inches of the floor. The required sizing of these openings is determined by whether inside or outside air is used to support combustion, the method by which the air is brought to the space (vertical or horizontal duct) and by the total input rate of all appliances in the space.

#### **Unusually Tight Construction**

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

# Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:

- Walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm or less with openings gasketed or sealed, and
- Weather-stripping has been added on openable windows and doors, and
- c. Caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical, and gas lines, and at other openings.

If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See "Ventilation Air From Outdoors," page 14.

# **Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space**Use this worksheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined

Use this worksheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

**Space:** Includes the room in which you will install heater plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

١.	Determine the volume of th	e space (length x width x he	ight).
	Length x Width x Height =	cu. ft. (vo	lume of
	space)		

Example: Space size 16 ft. (length) x 10 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 1,280 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

Divide the space volume by 50 cubic feet to determine the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support.

\_\_\_\_\_ (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = (maximum BTU/Hr the space can support)

Example: 1,280 cu. ft. (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = 25.6 or 25,600 (maximum BTU/Hr the space can support)

3. Add the BTU/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

Gas Gas Vent Gas	t-free heater water heater furnace ted gas heater fireplace logs er gas appliances*	+ =			BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr
Example:	Vented gas heater Vent-free heater Total	=	+	20,000 18,000 38,000	BTU/Hr BTU/Hr BTU/Hr

\*Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

Compare the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of BTU/Hr used.

	BTU/Hr (maximum the space can support) BTU/Hr (actual amount of BTU/Hr used)
Example:	
25,600	BTU/Hr (maximum the space can support)
38,000	BTU/Hr (actual amount of BTU/Hr used)

#### **A** WARNING

If the area in which the heater may be operated is smaller than that defined as an unconfined space or if the building is of unusually tight construction, provide adequate combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation, or applicable local codes.

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### PROVISIONS FOR ADEQUATE COMBUSTION & VENTILATION AIR (CONT'D)

The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual BTU/Hr used is more than the maximum BTU/HR the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- A. Rework worksheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See Ventilation Air From Inside Building.
- Vent room directly to the outdoors. See Ventilation Air From Outdoors.
- Install a lower BTU/Hr heater, if lower BTU/Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual BTU/Hr used is less than the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation.

#### **A** WARNING

You must provide additional ventilation air in a confined space.

#### **Ventilation Air**

#### **Ventilation Air From Inside Building**

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, **Figure 7**). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, **Figure 7**). Each ventilation grill or opening shall have a minimum free area of one square inch per 1,000 BTUH of the total input rating of the gas equipment in the confined space.

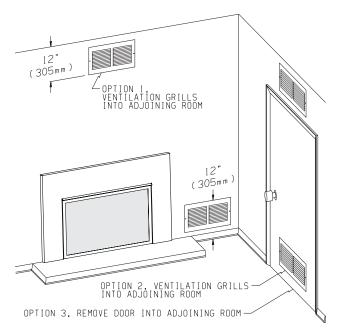


Figure 7

#### WARNING

Rework worksheet, adding the space of the adjoining unconfined space. The combined spaces must have enough fresh air to supply all appliances in both spaces.

#### **Ventilation Air From Outdoors**

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one with 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. In most cases for direct communication with the outdoors or direct communication through a vertical duct a free area opening of one square inch per 4,000 BTU/Hr of heater input rating for each grill. If a horizontal duct is used, a grill free area or duct opening shall have a free area opening of one square inch per 2,000 BTU/Hr for each grill. Follow the *National Fuel Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA54*, *Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

IMPORTANT: Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

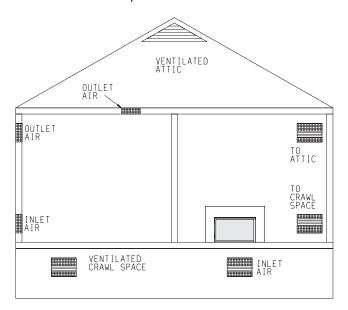
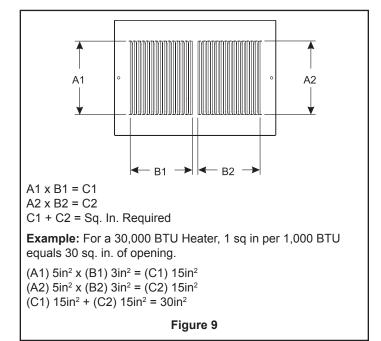


Figure 8



### **GAS SUPPLY**

The gas pipeline can be brought in through the right or left side of the appliance. The insert has a Flexline with shutoff valve located on the right side when facing the unit. **See Figures 10 and 11.** Consult the current National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 CAN/CGA-B149 (.1 or .2) installation code.

RECOMMENDED GAS PIPE DIAMETER				
Pipe Length	Schedule 40 Pipe Inside Diameter		Tubing, Type L Outside Diameter	
	Natural	Propane	Natural	Propane
0-10ft	1/2"	3/8"	1/2"	3/8"
0-3m	12.7mm	9.5mm	12.7mm	9.5mm
11-40ft	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"	1/2"
4-12m	12.7mm	12.7mm	15.9mm	12.7mm
41-100ft	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	1/2"
13-30m	12.7mm	12.7mm	19mm	12.7mm
101-150ft	3/4"	1/2"	7/8"	3/4"
31-46m	19mm	12.7mm	22.2mm	1.9 mm

#### **A** CAUTION

Never use plastic pipe. Check to confirm whether your local codes allow copper tubing or galvanized.

**NOTICE:** Since some municipalities have additional local codes, it is always best to consult your local authority and installation code. The use of the following gas connectors is recommended:

- ANS Z21.24 Appliance Connectors of Corrugated Metal Tubing and Fittings.
- ANS Z21.45 Assembled Flexible Appliance Connectors of Other Than All-Metal Construction

The above connectors may be used if acceptable by the authority having jurisdiction. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires that a flexible appliance connector cannot exceed three feet in length.

#### **FLEXIBLE GAS LINE CONNECTION**

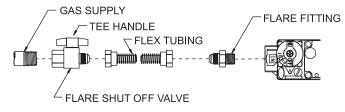


Figure 10

#### Installing the Main Gas Shut-Off

Each appliance should have its own manual gas shut-off.

A manual main gas shut-off should be located in the vicinity of the unit. Where none exists, or where its size or location is not adequate, contact your local authorized installer for installation or relocation. Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping shall be resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gases. The gas lines must be checked for leaks by the installer. This should be done with a soap solution watching for bubbles on all exposed connections, and if unexposed, a pressure test should be made.

Never use an exposed flame to check for leaks. Appliance must be disconnected from piping at inlet of control valve and pipe capped or plugged for pressure test. Never pressure test with appliance connected; control valve will sustain damage!

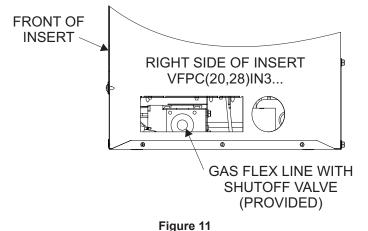
**NOTICE:** The millivolt gas controls are equipped with a captured screw type pressure test point, therefore it is not necessary to provide a 1/8" test point up stream of the control.

When using copper or flex connector use only approved fittings.

The appliance and it's individual shut off valve must be disconnected from supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (3.5kPa).

The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shut off valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig (3.5kPa).

**Attention!** If one of the procedures results in pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (14" w.c.) (3.5 kPa) on the fireplace gas valve, it will result in a hazardous condition.



LEFT SIDE OF INSERT
VFPC(20,28)IN7...

GAS FLEX LINE WITH

Figure 12

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SHUTOFF VALVE (PROVIDED)

# GAS SUPPLY (CONT'D)

# Checking Manifold Pressure MILLIVOLT VALVES

**Natural Gas** will have a manifold pressure of approximately 3.5" w.c. for maximum input or 1.7" w.c. for minimum input at the pressure regulator outlet with the inlet pressure to the pressure regulator from a minimum of 4.5" w.c. for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 10.5" w.c.

**Propane Gas** will have a manifold pressure approximately 10.0"w.c. (2.49kPa) for maximum input or 4.9"w.c. for minimum input at the pressure regulator outlet with the inlet pressure to the pressure regulator from a minimum of 11.0"w.c. for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 13.0"w.c.

#### INTERMITTENT PILOT VALVES

**Natural Gas** will have a manifold pressure of approximately 3.5" w.c. at the pressure regulator outlet with the inlet pressure to the pressure regulator from a minimum of 7.0" w.c. for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 10.5" w.c.

**Propane Gas** will have a manifold pressure approximately 10.0"w.c. at the pressure regulator outlet with the inlet pressure to the pressure regulator from a minimum of 11.0"w.c. for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 13.0"w.c.

#### **Control Valve - Gas Pressure Check**

The valve regulator controls the burner pressure which should be checked at the pressure test point. Turn captured screw counter clockwise 2 or 3 turns and then place tubing to pressure gauge over test point (Use test point "A" closest to control knob). After taking pressure reading, **be sure and turn captured screw clockwise firmly to re-seal.** Do not over torque. Check for gas leaks.

# (COMBUSTIBLE) CLEARANCES

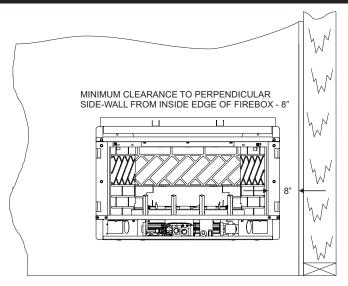
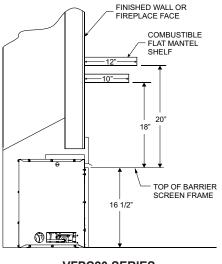


Figure 13



VFPC20 SERIES Figure 14

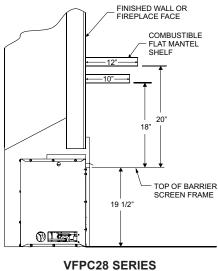


Figure 15

# COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS

#### **Combustible Material**

No greeting cards, stockings or ornamentation of any type should be placed on or attached to the fireplace. The flow of heat can ignite combustibles.

Do not attach combustible material to the mantel of your fireplace. This is a fire hazard.

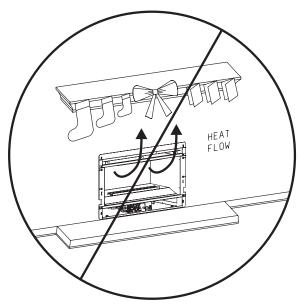


Figure 16

No greeting cards, stockings or ornamentation of any type should be placed on or attached to the fireplace. This is a heating appliance. The flow of heat can ignite combustibles.

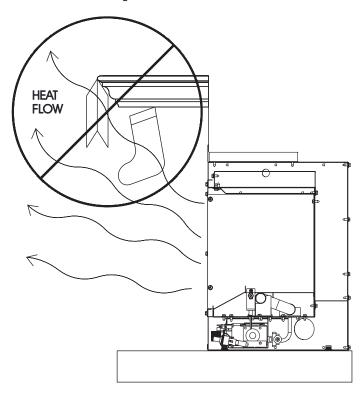


Figure 17

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### MILLIVOLT ALTERNATE ON/OFF SWITCH INSTALLATION (STANDARD SURROUNDS)

#### WIRING THE FIREPLACE

#### **A** CAUTION

Disconnect remote controls if you are absent for extended time periods. This will prevent accidental fireplace operation.

Installation of Alternate Surround Panel ON/OFF Switch

An ON/OFF switch and wire assembly is provided. They are included in the instruction packet.

Do not cut wire or insulation on metal edges.

#### **Contemporary Surrounds**

- Find the coiled low voltage wire assembly and ON/OFF switch located in the instruction packet.
- Millivolt Valve Attach the flag terminal ends to the "TH/TP" and "TH" terminals on the front terminal block of the gas valve. See Figure 19.
  - "IP" Valve Locate the two 5-1/2 inch long black wires connected to the ON/OFF switch. Disconnect these two black wires at the green and white wire connections. Attach the flag terminals (the low voltage wire assembly found in the Instruction Packet) to the green and white wire connections. See Figures 20 and 21.
- Run the low voltage alternate switch wires to the right of the surround panel. Use the top knockout location. Then secure the wires with wire clips provided. See Figure 18.
- 4. The included ON/OFF switch may be installed into the right-hand corner of the surround. Using a screwdriver, remove the knockout and snap the switch into place. Attach the two wire terminals from the wire assembly coming from the valve terminals.

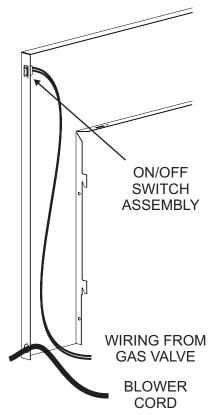
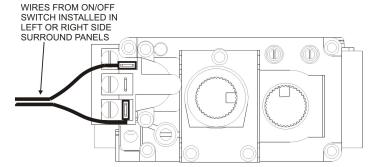


Figure 18

- Connect the low voltage wires from the gas valve to the ON/OFF switch.
  - a. For millivolt valve connections, See Figure 19.
  - b. For IP valve connections, locate the green and white wires from the control module, then connect the switch wire flag terminals to the green and white wire terminals. **See Figures 20 and 21.**



NOTE: TO OPERATE INSERT WITH SIDE PANEL ON/OFF SWITCH, BE SURE TO PLACE THE MAIN SWITCH (TO THE RIGHT SIDE OF GAS VALVE) TO "OFF" POSITION.

Figure 19

#### REMOVE BLACK SWITCH WIRES

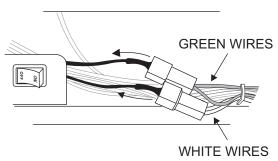


Figure 20

#### ATTACH EXTENSION SWITCH WIRES

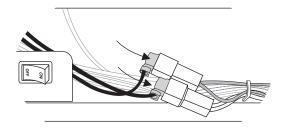


Figure 21

6. Attach the surround assembly to the insert. Refer to the installation instructions supplied with the surround.

### **BLOWER ACCESSORY INFORMATION**

The appliance, when installed must be electrically connected and grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code.

U.S. Installations, follow local codes and the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70.

Should this blower require servicing, the power supply must be disconnected. For rewiring of any replacement components, refer to Figures 22 and 23.

#### Operation

The fireplace insert is equipped with a blower that includes a fan control switch, plus a rheostat (speed control).

The speed control knob is located in the lower compartment, at the right side of the insert.

From a cold start, the temperature activated fan control switch will normally take 5 to 20 minutes to heat up and energize the blower

Once the blower is energized, adjust the blower speed control as desired, then replace the lower louver.

When the insert is shut off, it may take 30 to 40 minutes for the heated unit to dissipate (cool down) enough for the blower to shut off automatically.

**NOTICE**: The blower shut off times will vary on blower speed and BTU input level setting control by adjustment of the HI/LO knob located on the gas valve.

#### **Blower removal instructions**

Servicing or removal of the blower system must be performed by a qualified service person.

If the blower assembly must be replaced, the following steps are recommended for removal:

- 1. Turn off gas and disconnect the electrical supply.
- 2. Remove the barrier assembly.
- Remove the log set.
- Remove the front surround panel assembly.
- Remove the insert from the fireplace cavity by pulling forward on the insert.
- As the insert is moved outward, the gas line may need to be disconnected at the insert shut off valve. If so, make sure the main gas line is shut off that supplies gas to the insert.
- Once the insert is pulled out, the blower assembly can be removed by locating the six screws on the lower back of the insert that retains the blower base plate.
- 8. When the screws are removed, gently pull the blower assembly outward.
- 9. Disconnect the two 1/4-inch wire terminals from the motor.
- 10. Remove the four screws that retain the blower assembly to the mounting plate, and set blower aside.
- 11. Install the replacement blower, and re-install into the insert by reversing the above steps.

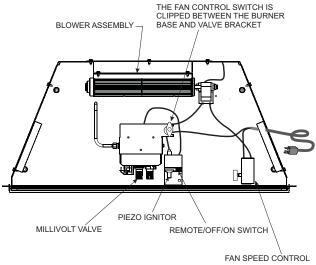


Figure 22

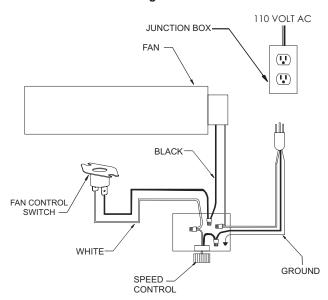


Figure 23

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### **VFPC20IN LOG PLACEMENT**

**Before you begin:** Do not, handle these logs with your bare hands! Always wear gloves to prevent skin irritation. After handling logs, wash your hands gently with soap and water.

#### All Logs

The positioning of the logs is critical to the safe and clean operation of this heater. Sooting and other problems may result if the logs are not properly and firmly positioned in the appliance.

#### **A** WARNING

Failure to position the parts in accordance with this diagram or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this appliance may result in property damage or personal injury.

# PROPER INSTALLATION SEQUENCE: (Figure 24)

- 1. Place back (#1) log between rear log support and burner pan.
- 2. Place left, front log (#2) onto two (2) left, front pins on burner pan.
- 3. Place right, front log (#3) onto two (2) right, front pins on burner pan.
- Compare the completed log installation with the appropriate photo from page 25. Review previous steps to make any necessary adjustments.
- 5. Log placement is completed.

**Attention:** Do not use **Figure 24** to order replacement logs. Refer to the Parts List and Parts View to order logs for your appropriate model number.

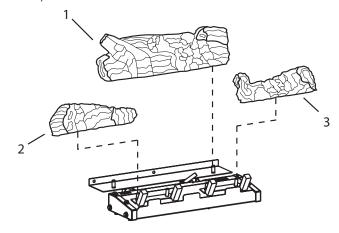
Rock wool can be added to burners for a glowing ember effect. Apply loose material (glowing embers) only on locations shown on Page 25. Replacement of loose material (glowing embers) must be purchased from Empire Comfort Systems, Inc. Application of excess loose material (glowing embers) may adversely affect performance of the heater.

#### **▲** WARNING

All previously applied loose material must be removed prior to reapplication.

Replacement Loose Material (glowing embers)
Part Number: 15998

**NOTICE:** A single layer of embers is to be used when applying Platinum Bright Embers (alone or in combination with production embers) to the burner.



Log Placement Figure 24

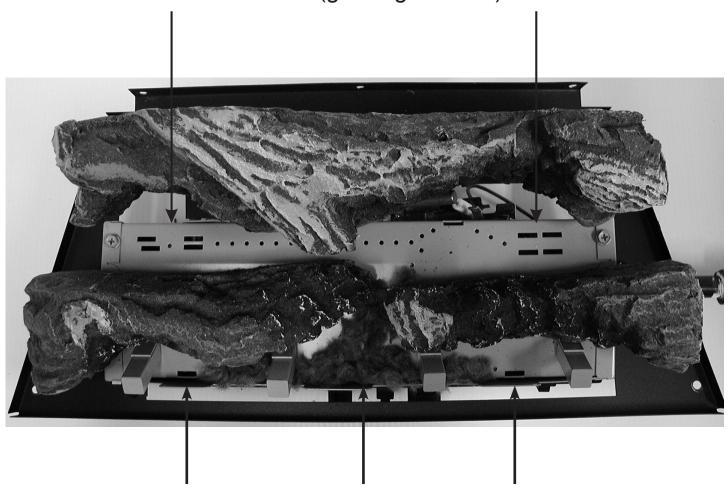
The following WARNING applies when log set is installed onto an unvented gas burner assembly.

#### **A** WARNING

This appliance is equipped for (Natural or Propane Gas). Field conversion is not permitted.

# **VFPC20IN EMBER PLACEMENT PHOTO**

Do not cover any large rear ports with loose material (glowing embers).



Do not cover any large rear ports with loose material (glowing embers).

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### **VFPC28IN LOG PLACEMENT**

Before you begin: Do not, handle these logs with your bare hands! Always wear gloves to prevent skin irritation. After handling logs, wash your hands gently with soap and water.

#### All Logs

The positioning of the logs is critical to the safe and clean operation of this heater. Sooting and other problems may result if the logs are not properly and firmly positioned in the appliance.

#### WARNING

Failure to position the parts in accordance with this diagram or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this appliance may result in property damage or personal injury.

# PROPER INSTALLATION SEQUENCE: (Figure 25)

- 1. Place rear log (#1) onto two (2) pins on rear log support.
- 2. Place left, front log (#2) onto two (2) left, front pins on burner pan.
- 3. Place right, front log (#3) onto two (2) right, front pins on burner pan.
- 4. Place Y Branch (#4) onto two (2) pins on rear log.
- Compare the completed log installation with the photo on page 26. Review previous steps to make any necessary adjustments.
- 6. Log placement is completed.

**Attention:** Do not use **Figure 25** to order replacement logs. Refer to the Parts List and Parts View to order logs.

Rock wool can be added to burners for a glowing ember effect. Apply loose material (glowing embers) only on locations shown on Page 26. Replacement of loose material (glowing embers) must be purchased from Empire Comfort Systems, Inc. Application of excess loose material (glowing embers) may adversely affect performance of the heater.

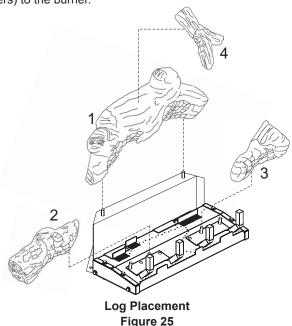
#### **A** WARNING

All previously applied loose material must be removed prior to reapplication.

8. Install front frame assembly.

Replacement Loose Material (glowing embers) Part Number: 15999

**NOTICE:** A single layer of embers is to be used when applying Platinum Bright Embers (alone or in combination with production embers) to the burner.



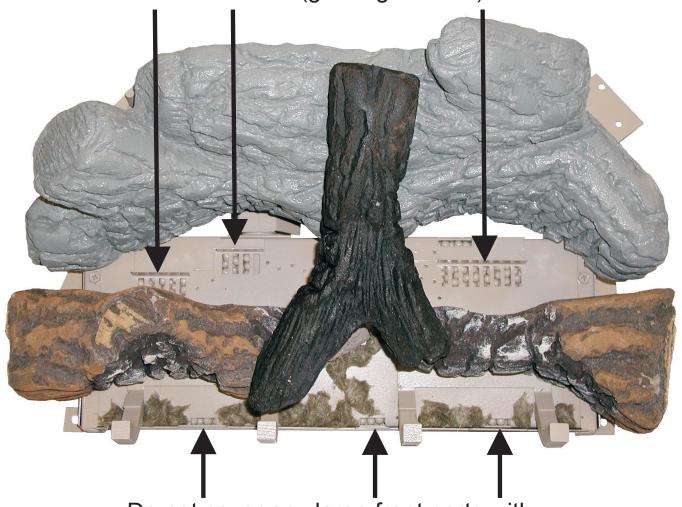
The following WARNING applies when log set is installed onto an unvented gas burner assembly.

#### **A** WARNING

This appliance is equipped for (Natural or Propane Gas). Field conversion is not permitted.

# **VFPC28IN EMBER PLACEMENT PHOTO**

Do not cover any large rear ports with loose material (glowing embers).



Do not cover any large front ports with loose material (glowing embers).

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### MILLIVOLT CONTROL VALVE LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

#### **A WARNING**

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lit by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch;
   Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

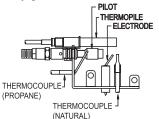
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it; call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information label.
- 2. Remove barrier assembly.
- 3. Set REMOTE/OFF/ON switch to "OFF."
- 4. Turn off all electric power to the appliance (if applicable).
- 5. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF." NOTE: Knob cannot be turned from "PILOT" to "OFF" unless knob is pushed in slightly. Do not force.
- 6. Wait ten (10) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 7. Find pilot Follow metal tube THERMOCOUPLEfrom gas control. The pilot is THE behind the burner on the right side.







- Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "PILOT."
- Push in control knob all the way and hold in. Repeatedly push the Piezo Ignitor Button until the pilot is lit. Continue to hold the control knob in for about one (1) minute after the pilot is lit. Release knob, and it will pop back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat steps 5 through 9.
  - If knob does not pop up when released, STOP and IMMEDIATELY call a qualified service technician or gas supplier.
  - If the pilot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob to "OFF" and call your service technician or gas supplier.
- Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "ON."
- 11. Set REMOTE/OFF/ON switch to desired setting.
- Turn on all electric power to the appliance (if applicable).
- 13. Re-install the barrier assembly.

### TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- 1. Remove barrier assembly.
- 2. Set REMOTE/OFF/ON switch to "OFF."
- 3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed (if applicable).
- 4. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF." Do not force.
- 5. Re-install the barrier assembly.

### **OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS/FLAME APPEARANCE**

Flames from the pilot (rear right back side of the pan burner) as well as the main flame should be visually checked as the log set is installed.

In normal operation at full rate after 10 to 15 minutes, the flame appearance should be sets of yellow flames.

**NOTICE:** All flames will be random by design, flame height will go up and down.

Glowing embers (rock wool) can cover the pan burner in between the front and middle logs, but very little is necessary to cover this area. Excess ember material causes the yellow flame to become orange and stringy. Apply just enough to obtain slow glow and a gold yellow flame.

Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Do not allow fans to blow directly into fireplace. Do not place a blower inside the burner area of the firebox. Ceiling fans may create drafts that alter flame patterns. Sooting and improper burning will result.

During manufacturing, fabricating and shipping, various components of this appliance are treated with certain oils, films or bonding agents. These chemicals are not harmful, but may produce annoying smoke and smells as they are burned off during the initial operation of the appliance, possibly causing headaches or eye or lung irritation. This is a normal and temporary occurrence.

The initial break-in operation should last 2-3 hours with the burner at the highest setting. Provide maximum ventilation by opening windows or doors to allow odors to dissipate. Any odors remaining after this initial break-in will be slight and will disappear with continued use.

# PERIODIC CLEANING – Refer to parts diagram for location of items discussed below.

- Do not use cleaning fluid to clean logs or any part of heater.
- Logs brush with soft bristle brush or vacuum with brush attachment.
- Remove loose particles and dust from the burner areas, controls, piezo covers and grate. Don't remove ceramic media from inside burner box.
- Inspect and clean burner air intake hole. Remove lint or particles with brush. Failure to keep air intake hole clean will result in sooting and poor combustion.

# ANNUAL CLEANING/INSPECTION – Refer to parts diagram for location of items discussed below.

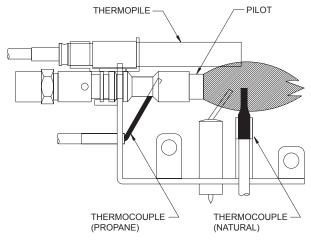
- Inspect and clean burner air intake hole. Remove lint or particles with vacuum or brush. Failure to keep air intake hole clean will result in sooting and poor combustion.
- · Inspect and clean all burner ports.
- Inspect ODS pilot for operation and accumulation of lint at air intake holes.
- Verify flame pattern and log placement for proper operation.
- Verify smooth and responsive ignition of main burner.
- Check level of ceramic media in burner. Burner should be full, up to the level of openings in burner top.

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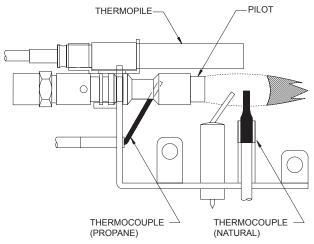
# **MILLIVOLT PILOT FLAME CHARACTERISTICS**

Figures 26 and 28 show a correct pilot flame pattern. The correct flame will be blue and will extend beyond the thermocouple. The flame will surround the thermocouple just below the tip. A slight yellow flame may occur where the pilot flame and main burner flame meet. Figures 27 and 29 show an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools, the heater will shut down.

#### **MILLIVOLT PILOT**



Correct Pilot Flame Pattern Figure 26

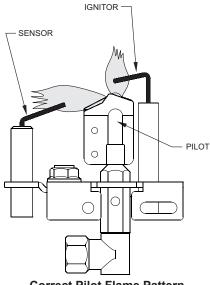


Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern Figure 27

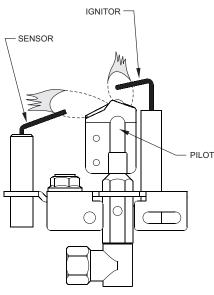
If pilot flame pattern is incorrect as shown in **Figure 27**, see Troubleshooting.

# PILOT FLAME CHARACTERISTICS

#### INTERMITTANT PILOT



Correct Pilot Flame Pattern Figure 28



Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern Figure 29

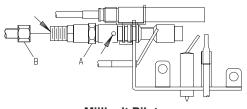
If pilot flame pattern is incorrect as shown in  ${\bf Figure~29},$  see Troubleshooting.

#### **CLEANING AND PILOT MAINTENANCE**

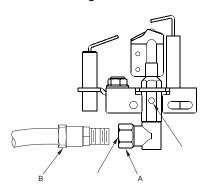
#### Oxygen Depletion Sensor Pilot - Figures 30 and 31

When the pilot has a large yellow tip flame, clean the Oxygen Depletion Sensor as follows:

- Clean the ODS pilot by loosening nut B from the pilot tubing. When this procedure is required, grasp nut A with an open end wrench.
- Blow air pressure through the holes indicated by the arrows.
   This will blow out foreign materials such as dust, lint and spider webs. Tighten nut B also by grasping nut A.



Millivolt Pilot Figure 30



Intermittant Pilot Figure 31

#### **A** WARNING

Never use needles, wires, or similar cylindrical objects to clean the pilot to avoid damaging the calibrated ruby that controls the gas flow.

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### **WIRING**

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

Millivolt thermopile is self powered, gas valve does not require 110 volts. Maximum length of 20 feet of 16 AWG to conductor wires is to be used with all optional switches.

Use the two leads (Red and Green) to attach optional components.

#### **Check 750 Millivolt System Operation**

Millivolt system and all individual components may be checked with a millivolt meter 0-1000 MV range.

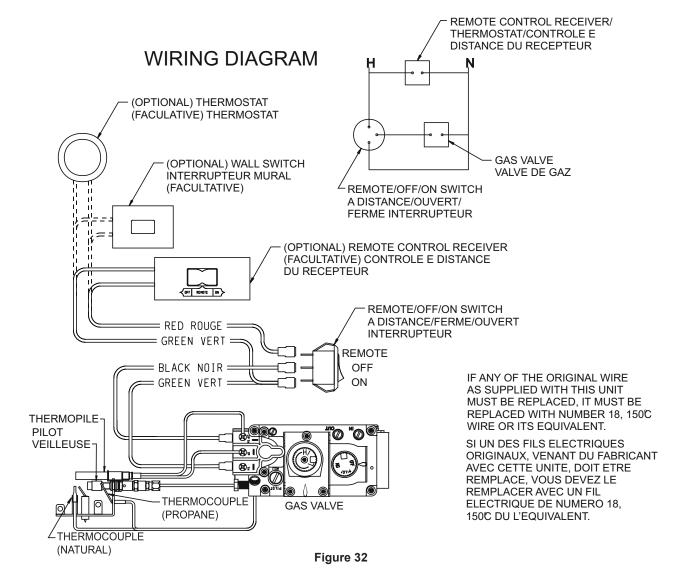
#### Remote Receiver

Use the following steps to place optional remote receiver adjacent to the gas valve.

- The remote receiver can not be placed behind the gas valve or burner assembly.
- 2. When facing the appliance, the remote receiver must be placed to the right or left side of the gas valve.

Install remote control receiver behind bottom louver.

Refer to remote control installation and operating instructions for more details on remote control.



### **MAINTENANCE**

Keep the control compartment, logs and burner area surrounding the logs clean by vacuuming or brushing area at least twice a year.

#### THE LOGS CAN GET VERY HOT - HANDLE ONLY WHEN COOL.

Always turn off gas to the pilot before cleaning. For relighting, refer to lighting instructions located on the rating plate of the log set.

Never obstruct the flow of the combustion and ventilation air. Keep the front of the fireplace clear of all obstacles and materials.

Leave at least 36" clearance from the front of the fireplace.

Screen should be closed during operation.

# TROUBLESHOOTING SYMPTOMS - POSSIBLE CAUSES AND CORRECTIONS

Turn appliance OFF and allow to cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair the heater.

- When ignitor button is pressed, there is no spark at ODS/ pilot.
  - a. Ignitor electrode positioned wrong Replace pilot.
  - b. Ignitor electrode is broken Replace pilot.
  - c. Ignitor electrode not connected to ignitor cable Reconnect ignitor cable.
  - Ignitor cable pinched or wet. Keep ignitor cable dry Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing.
  - e. Broken ignitor cable Replace ignitor cable.
  - f. Bad piezo ignitor Replace piezo ignitor.

#### 2. Appliance produces unwanted odors.

- Appliance burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. - Ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running.
- b. Gas leak Locate and correct all leaks.

# Appliance shuts off during use. (Pilot and main burner are off.)

- a. Not enough fresh air is available for ODS/pilot to operateOpen window and/or door for ventilation.
- b. Low line pressure Contact local gas company.
- c. ODS/pilot is partially clogged Clean ODS/pilot.
- d. Defective thermocouple Replace pilot.

#### 4. Appliance shuts off during use. (Pilot stays on.)

- a. Low line pressure Check line pressure to the valve.
- Defective thermopile Check pilot flame, check wire connections, output should be a minimum of 325 millivolts across. TH/TP and TP terminals with ON/OFF switch off.
- 5. Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position.
  - a. Gas leak Locate and correct all leaks.
  - b. Control valve defective Replace control valve.

#### When ignitor button is pressed, there is spark at ODS/pilot, but no ignition.

- Gas supply turned off or manual shutoff valve closed Turn on gas supply or open manual shutoff valve.
- Control knob not in PILOT position Turn control knob to PILOT position.
- c. Control knob not pressed in while in PILOT position Press in control knob while in PILOT position.
- d. Air in gas lines when installed Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed.
- e. ODS/pilot is clogged Replace ODS/pilot assembly or get it serviced.
- f. Gas regulator setting is not correct Replace gas regulator.

#### ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released.

- Control knob not fully pressed in Press in control knob fully.
- Control knob not pressed in long enough After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds.
- Manual Shutoff valve not fully open Fully open manual shutoff valve.
- d. Thermocouple connection loose at control valve Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more.

- e. Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by either low gas pressure or dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot - Contact local gas company.
- f. Thermocouple damaged Replace thermocouple.
- g. Control valve damaged Replace control valve.

#### 8. Burner does not light after ODS/pilot is lit.

- Burner orifice clogged Clean burner or replace main burner orifice.
- b. Burner orifice diameter is too small Replace burner orifice.
- Inlet gas pressure is too low Contact qualified service person.

# 9. If burning at main burner orifice occurs (a loud, roaring blow torch noise).

- You must turn off burner assembly and contact a qualified service person.
- b. Manifold pressure is too low Contact local gas company.
- c. Burner orifice clogged Clean burner or replace burner

#### 10. Logs appear to smoke after initial operation.

- a. Vapors from paint or curing process of logs Problem will stop after a few hours of operation. Run the heater with the damper open if you have one, or open a window for the first few hours.
  - Log heater is intended to be smokeless. Turn OFF heater and call qualified service person.

#### 11. Heater produces a whistling noise when main burner is lit.

- Turning control knob to HIGH position when main burner is cold - Turn control knob to LOW position and let warm up for a minute.
- b. Air in gas line Operate burner until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local gas company.
- Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice Clean burner or replace burner orifice.

#### 12. No gas to pilot.

 a. Propane regulator shut down due to inlet pressure too high
 Verify propane tank regulator is installed and set at 11" to 13" w.c. Replace regulator on heater.

If the gas quality is bad, your pilot may not stay lit, the burners may produce soot and the heater may backfire when lit. If the gas quality or pressure is low, contact your local gas supplier immediately.

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### INTERMITTENT PILOT LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

#### **A WARNING**

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. Before lighting smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

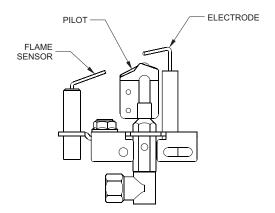
What To Do If You Smell Gas

- · Do not try to light any appliance.
- · Do not touch any electrical switch;
- · Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone.
   Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it; call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

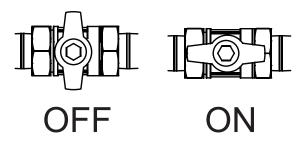
### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above.
- 2. Turn OFF electric power to the appliance.
- 3. Remove barrier screen assembly.
- 4. Turn gas shut-off counterclockwise to "On" position.
- Wait ten (10) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this page. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 6. Turn ON electric power to the appliance.
- 7. Find pilot Follow metal tube from gas control. The pilot is behind the burner on the right side.
- Turn main flame to on. If the pilot does not light within 60 seconds, stop and go to Step 5.



- 9. NOTE: There is a CPI/IPI switch behind the right side panel that allows for a continuous standing pilot mode or an intermittent pilot mode. See appliance manual for location of this switch. If the pilot or burner does not stay lit (in the standing pilot mode), stop and immediately call a qualified service technician or gas supplier.
- 10. If the burner or pilot does not operate properly after several tries, turn the gas shut-off clockwise to "OFF" and call your service technician or gas supplier.
- 11. Replace barrier screen assembly.
- 12. Operation of the gas valve is controlled by a manual on/ off switch or a hand held remote control. Refer to remote instructions for detailed operation information.

#### **GAS SHUT-OFF VALVE**



### TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- Set REMOTE/OFF/ON switch to OFF.
- Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed (if applicable).
- 3. Replace the barrier assembly.

- Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF." Do not force.
- 5. Replace the barrier assembly.

### IPI ELECTRONIC SYSTEM OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 5.25 VDC ELECTRONIC CONTROL VALVE

The electronic control valve system includes the ability to switch the pilot from a standing pilot mode to an intermittent pilot mode.

- IPI Mode In the Intermittent Pilot mode, when the unit is turned ON, it will cause spark to the pilot, light the pilot, then allow the burner to light. When the unit is turned to OFF, both the burner and pilot will be OFF.
- CPI Mode In the Continuous Pilot mode, the pilot remains ON continuously even when the burner is turned OFF.
- The pilot will shut off after 7 days if there is no activity or call for heat.

**NOTE:** A small toggle switch is located on a bracket that is used to switch from IPI (upward position) to the CPI (downward position). **See Figure 33.** 

When the unit is turned to ON, the electrical current will energize a spark to the pilot igniter. Once the pilot sensor heats up (after a few seconds), the valve will be energized, allowing gas to flow to the burner.

- Follow the SAFETY and LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS for Intermittent Pilot controls found in this manual, and on labels found in the control compartment located in the lower cavity of the appliance.
- During the operating season (or in power outage periods), it is recommended that the pilot remain in the CPI (standing pilot mode) to reduce cold start issues, and/or conserve battery backup power during a power outage.
- The gas valve has inlet and outlet pressure taps as shown in Figure 33. Refer to pages 18 and 19 for gas pressure requirements.

**NOTE:** The gas control has a manual HI/LO flame adjustment knob (regulator) that allows you to increase or decrease the height of the burner flame. **See Figure 33.** Rotate the HI/LO knob counterclockwise to "HI" to increase the flame height, and clockwise to "LO" to decrease the flame height.

#### **OPTIONAL REMOTE CONTROLS**

Optional remote controls are available for use with this appliance. To connect the remote receiver to the appliance, first disconnect the ON/OFF switch wires from the white and green wire connectors and connect the wires from the remote receiver to the green and white wire connectors.

Follow the instructions included with the remote control for programming and other operational information.

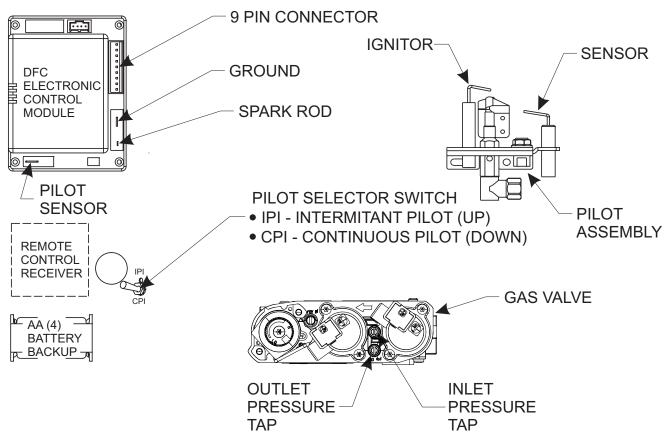
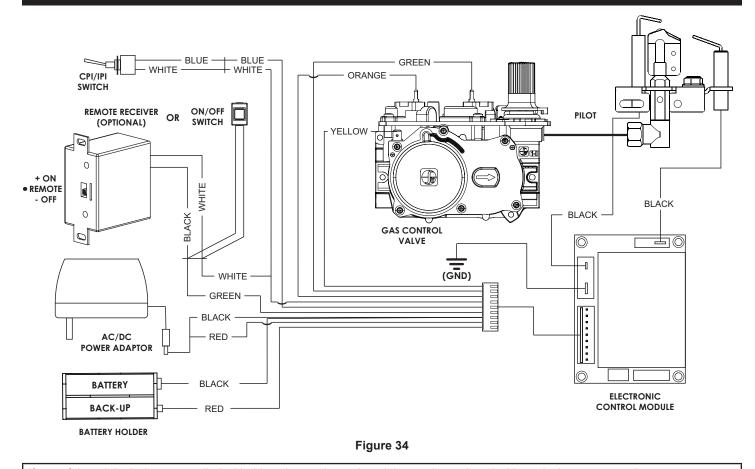


Figure 33

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# **IPI ELECTRONIC SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM**



If any of the original wire as supplied with this unit must be replaced, it must be replaced with equivalent gauge and temperature rated wire.

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### **Brief Description of the Components**

The gas valve is equipped with a manual HI/LO knob to allow for manual modulation of the gas outlet pressure. The manual HI/LO knob can be replaced by an Empire Comfort Systems Variable Remote Kit.

## **A** WARNING

This appliance is equipped for (Natural or Propane Gas). Field conversion is not permitted.

The Digital Fireplace Control (DFC) is an automatic gas ignition system based on a single microcontroller core. This control manages all functions related to ignition, flame sensing and supervision for atmospheric applications.

The DFC can be set to provide continuous or intermittent ignition control sequences and flame monitoring with safety shutdown in case of failure.

The DFC is set up as a stand alone (AC powered system with battery back up. See Lighting Instructions and Wiring Diagram.

### **Troubleshooting**

Before proceeding with the procedures in the following troubleshooting table, verify that the power supply (AC/DC adapter) is present and that the batteries inside the receiver and/or optional battery pack are fresh and installed with correct polarity.

Make sure all the connections between the wire harnesses and system components are proper and positive.

Verify that the static inlet pressure meets the manufacturer's recommended inlet pressure. If necessary adjust the line pressure regulator.

If the recommended actions for the following troubleshooting chart do not help to address the problem consider replacing wiring harnesses.

## **A** WARNING

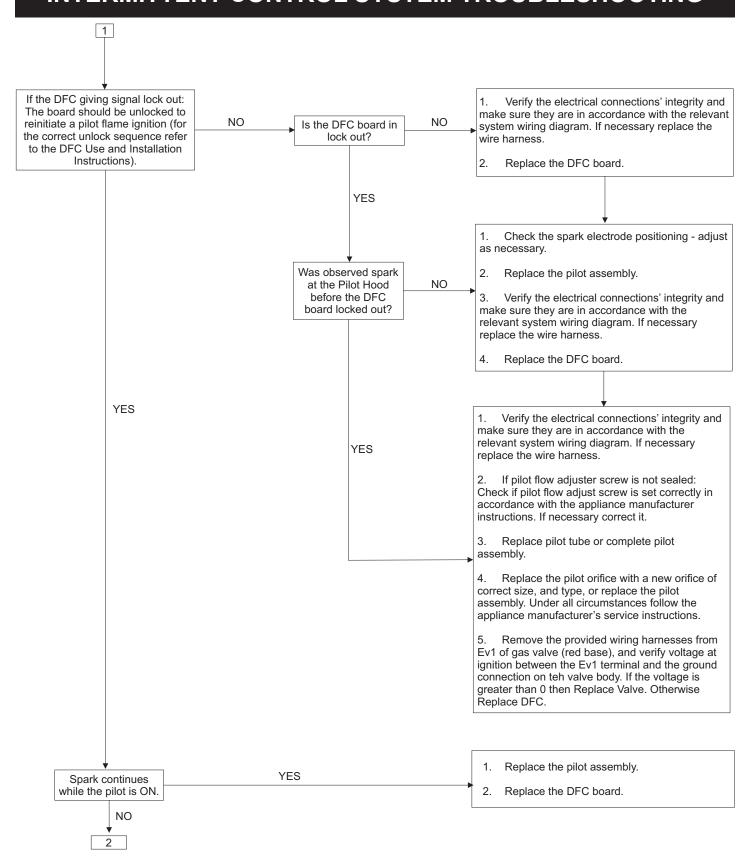
Any actions performed on the gas valve must be performed in accordance with this instruction manual. Likewise, any actions performed on the DFC or other system components must be done in accordance with the individual component instructions.

Replacement of components must be performed in accordance with this instructions manual.

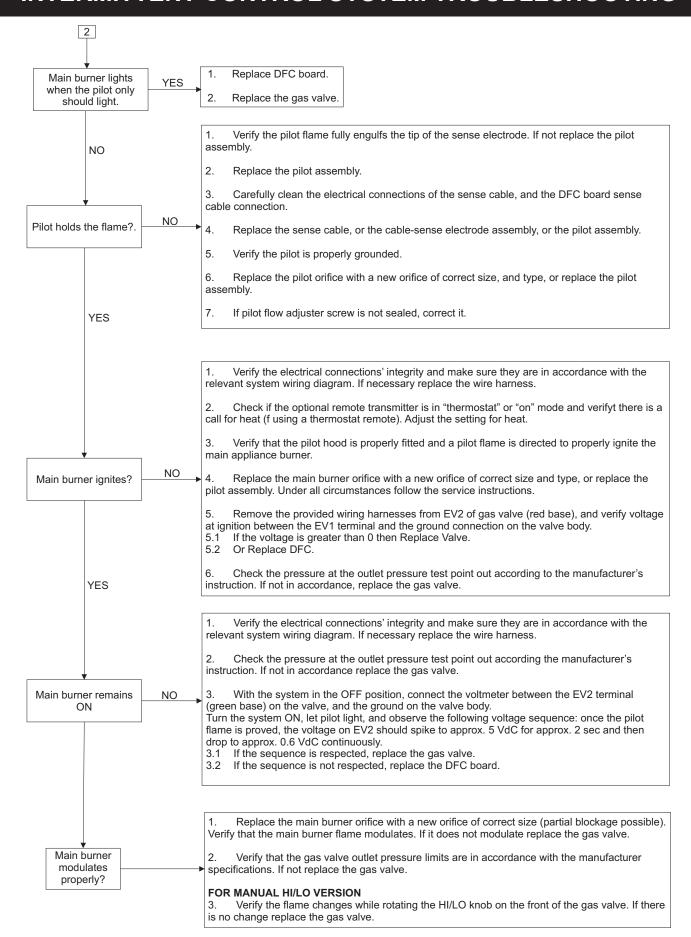
Gas odor during setup  Gas odor during setup  Gas Leak  Loose gas line connections  Loose detertical connections  Check connections with leak detecting solution  Check connections with wiring diagram  (Optional) Receiver batteries bad  (Check oringe ceptar with remote batteries bad  (Check oringe pages 29 and 30.)  Pilot optional remote batteries batteries bad  (Check oringe pages 29 bad and 30.)  Pilot optional Receiver batteries bad  (Check pround connections  Check pround connections  Check pround connections  Check ground connections  Check g	PROBLEM OBSERVED	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE MEASURE	
Gas odor before first ignition  Gas leak  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.  Loose gas line connections  Check connections with leak detecting solution  Check connections with remote. See page 34.  Control module in 'lockout'  Turn fireplace 'off' for 2 minutes and then back 'on'  Battery voltage low  Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Pilot will not igniter, or will not stay  Pilot gas pressure incorrect  Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Replace Pilot  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Check organd connections  Check valve Pilot in the to strengthen  Check organd connections  Div vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent  Check ground connections  Check gas supply pressure  Clogage or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check orifice opening  Check connections with wiring diagram  Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  Check orifice opening  Check valve/control module connections  Check orifice opening  Check original	Gas odor during setup		<ul><li>Do not try to light any appliance.</li><li>Do not touch any electrical switch;</li></ul>	
Loose gas line connections   Check connections with leak detecting solution	Gas odor before first ignition	Gas Leak	Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.	
Fireplace is "on" but no flame and pilot is not trying to light  (Optional) Receiver batteries bad (Optional) receiver with remote seal (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote see page 34.  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote see page 34.  (Gas Line Valve turned' "Off" Turn shutoff valve to "open" position  Control module in "lockout" Turn fireplace "off" for 2 minutes and then back "on" Battery voltage low Check voltage, Replace batteries if low.  Pilot vigniter/sensor is dirty Clean flame sensor and plit giniter. See maintenance pages 29 and 30.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Sensor Wire loose Check sensor wire terminals  Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Replace pilot tube  Faulty valve Replace Pilot  Faulty valve Replace Pilot  Low Gas Pressure  Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen Low Gas Pressure  Pilot optimizers is dirty Clean pilot. See maintenance pages 29 and 30.  Pilot to optimizer is dirty of the pilot flame to strengthen Low Gas Pressure Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen Low Gas Pressure  Check pround connections  Check ground connections  Draft in firebox Dr. vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Clean ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure Check orifice opening  Check orifice opening  Check orifice Opening  Re-learn remote box and handheld remote				
Optional) Receiver batteries bad   Install new batteries		-		
Fireplace is "on" but no flame and pilot is not trying to light  Gas Line Valve turned "off"  Control module in "lockout"  Battery voltage low  Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay litt  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay litt  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay litt  Pilot on grounded well  Sensor Wire loose  Pilot gas pressure incorrect  Faulty valve  Battery voltage low  Check ground connections  Sensor Wire loose  Pilot as Line bent or kinked  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Replace Pilot  Replace Pilot  Faulty valve  Replace Pilot  Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot  Low Gas Pressure  Check voltage as pressure  Check ground connections  D'vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot ton tignounded well  Chow gas pressure  Check ground connections  D'vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent  Replace pilot  Check gas supply pressure  Clean ports  Blocked orifice  Check orifice opening  Check connections with wiring diagram  Check connections with wiring diagram  Check origine opening  Check origine opening  Check as supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check origine opening  Re-leam remote box and handheld remote  Replace pilot  Cheap batteries  Replace pilot  Check pas supply pressure				
pilot is not trying to light  Gas Line Valve turned "off" Control module in "lockout" Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay lit  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay lit  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay lit  Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay lit  Pilot or grounded well Check ground connections Sensor Wire loose Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Faulty pilot, Sensor bent Faulty valve Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Pilot Re	Fireplace is "on" but no flame and	, , ,		
Control module in "lockout"   Turn fireplace "off" for 2 minutes and then back "on" Battery voltage low   Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty Clean flame sensor and pilot igniter. See maintenance pages 29 and 30.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Sensor Wire loose Check sensor wire terminals  Pilot gas pressure incorrect Adjust gas pressure  Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Replace pilot tube  Faulty pilot, Sensor bent Replace Pilot  Faulty valve Replace Valve  Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot  Low Gas Pressure  Pilot grounded well Check prosures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Edw gas pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Faulty valve Replace pages 29 and 30.  Pilot grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox DV: vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Low gas pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Clean ports  Blocked orifice  Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Cloes des supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Cloes do orifice  Check squave Check as supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot  Replace pilot				
Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty Pilot maintenance pages 29 and 30. Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections Sensor Wire loose Check sensor wire terminals Pilot gas pressure Pilot gas Line bent or kinked Faulty pilot, Sensor bent Faulty valve Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Pilot Replace Pi				
Pilot spillersensor is dirry maintenance pages 29 and 30.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Sensor Wire loose Check sensor wire terminals  Pilot gas pressure incorrect Adjust gas pressure  Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Replace pilot tube  Faulty valve Replace Pilot  Faulty valve Replace Valve  Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen  Low Gas Pressure Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Pilot gent in firebox Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot or grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox Check ground connections  Draft in firebox Check ground connections  Check connections with wiring diagram  Check connections with wiring dia		Battery voltage low		
Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay lit  Pilot gas pressure incorrect Adjust gas pressure Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Replace Pilot tube Faulty pilot, Sensor bent Replace Pilot tube Faulty valve Replace Valve  Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low. Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen Low Gas Pressure Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19. Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit.  Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty Clean pilot. See maintenance pages 29 and 30. Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections Draft in firebox Pilot enough of wild pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Faulty valve Replace valve Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Faulty valve Replace valve Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Low gas pressure Check das supply pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Clean burner ports Check valve/control module connections (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote (if optional remote) battery too low (if optional remote) battery too low (if optional remote) battery too low (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot Replace pilot		Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty		
Pilot will not ignite, of will not start  Pilot gas pressure incorrect Adjust gas pressure Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Pilot Replace Valive Replace Valive Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low. Not enough gas to pilot Low Gas Pressure Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19. Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit. Pilot or grounded well Draft in firebox Pilot sensor has been bent Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot Check ground connections Draft in firebox Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports Blocked orifice Faulty valive Replace valive Low gas pressure Check connections with wiring diagram Low gas pressure Clogged or dirty carryover Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Check connections with wiring diagram Low gas pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Check gas supply pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Clean burner ports Clean burner ports Clean burner ports Check gas supply pressure Check gas supply pressure Check gas supply pressure Check orifice opening Check valve/control module connections Check pressure Check pressure Check pressure Check pressure Check pressure Check gas pre		Pilot not grounded well	Check ground connections	
Pilot gas pressure incorrect   Adjust gas pressure	Pilot will not ignite, or will not stay	Sensor Wire loose	Check sensor wire terminals	
Faulty pilot, Sensor bent Replace Pilot Faulty valve Replace Valve  Replace Valve  Replace Valve  Replace Valve  Replace Valve  Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot  Low Gas Pressure  Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot in firebox  Pilot of grounded well  Draft in firebox  Pilot sensor has been bent  Low gas pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Faulty valve  Lose electrical connections  Check ground connections  Check ground connections  DV: vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Replace pilot  Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure  Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure  Check gas supply pressure  Clean burner  Check gas supply pressure  Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure  Check orifice opening  Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  (if optional remote) battery too low  Change batteries  Replace pilot	-	Pilot gas pressure incorrect	Adjust gas pressure	
Faulty valve Replace Valve  Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen  Low Gas Pressure Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox DV: vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Faulty valve Replace valve  Loose electrical connections Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Event Ground connections Check connections with wiring diagram  Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) premote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot Replace pilot		Pilot Gas Line bent or kinked	Replace pilot tube	
Battery voltage low Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.  Not enough gas to pilot Wait for pilot flame to strengthen  Low Gas Pressure Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.  Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty Clean pilot. See maintenance pages 29 and 30.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox DV: vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Faulty valve Replace valve  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure Check orifice opening  Elocked orifice Check orifice opening  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Paulty pilot Replace pilot		Faulty pilot, Sensor bent	Replace Pilot	
Not enough gas to pilot   Wait for pilot flame to strengthen		Faulty valve	Replace Valve	
Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit.  Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit.  Pilot of grounded well Pilot not grounded well Pilot not grounded well Draft in firebox Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot Draft in firebox Check gas supply pressure Clean ports Blocked orifice Praulty valve Replace valve Check onnections with wiring diagram Draft in firebox Check connections with wiring diagram Check connections with wiring diagram Check onnections with wiring diagram Check orifice opening Check onnections with wiring diagram Check onnections wi		Battery voltage low	Check voltage. Replace batteries if low.	
Pilot continues to spark when pilot is lit.  Pilot not grounded well Check ground connections  Draft in firebox DV: vent restrictor not installed VF: redirect draft from room or wall  Pilot sensor has been bent Replace pilot  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Faulty valve Replace valve  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports Clean ports  Blocked orifice Check connections With wiring diagram  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check onnections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Loose wire connections Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot Replace pilot		Not enough gas to pilot	Wait for pilot flame to strengthen	
is lit.    Pilot not grounded well   Check ground connections		Low Gas Pressure	Check pressures. See pages 18 and 19.	
Draft in firebox  Draft in firebox  Pilot sensor has been bent  Every gas pressure  Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports  Blocked orifice  Faulty valve  Loose electrical connections  Check gas supply pressure  Clean ports  Blocke connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure  Check gas supply pressure  Clean ports  Replace valve  Loose electrical connections  Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Check gas supply pressure  Check gas supply pressure  Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice  Check orifice opening  Check orifice opening  Check orifice opening  Check orifice opening  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  (if optional remote) battery too low  Change batteries  Re-learn remote box and handheld remote  Faulty pilot  Replace pilot	Pilot continues to spark when pilot	Pilot igniter/sensor is dirty	Clean pilot. See maintenance pages 29 and 30.	
Burner takes too long to fully light    Pilot sensor has been bent   Replace pilot	is lit.	Pilot not grounded well	Check ground connections	
Burner takes too long to fully light    Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports		Draft in firebox		
Burner takes too long to fully light    Blocked orifice   Check orifice opening		Pilot sensor has been bent	Replace pilot	
Burner takes too long to fully light  Blocked orifice Faulty valve Replace valve  Loose electrical connections Check connections with wiring diagram Low gas pressure Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Check gas supply pressure Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Check valve/control module connections (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries Re-learn remote box and handheld remote Faulty pilot Replace pilot		Low gas pressure	Check gas supply pressure	
Blocked orifice Faulty valve Replace valve  Loose electrical connections Check connections with wiring diagram Low gas pressure Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports Blocked orifice Check orifice opening Check valve/control module connections (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner Faulty pilot Replace pilot	Duman takan tan lang ta fully light	Clogged or dirty carryover/burner ports	Clean ports	
Loose electrical connections Check connections with wiring diagram  Low gas pressure Check gas supply pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports Clean burner ports  Blocked orifice Check orifice opening  Loose wire connections Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot Replace pilot	Burner takes too long to fully light	Blocked orifice	Check orifice opening	
Burner does not light but pilot remains on  Low gas pressure  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Blocked orifice  Loose wire connections  Check orifice opening  Loose wire connections  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot  Re-learn remote box and handheld remote		Faulty valve	Replace valve	
Burner does not light but pilot remains on  Clogged or dirty burner ports  Blocked orifice  Loose wire connections  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot  Replace pilot		Loose electrical connections	Check connections with wiring diagram	
Burner does not light but pilot remains on  Burner does not light but pilot remains on  Blocked orifice  Loose wire connections  Check valve/control module connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote  Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Re-learn remote box and handheld remote  Replace pilot		Low gas pressure	Check gas supply pressure	
Burner does not light but pilot remains on  Loose wire connections  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Faulty pilot  Check valve/control module connections  Check valve/control module connections  Replace pilot		Clogged or dirty burner ports	Clean burner ports	
Burner does not light but pilot remains on  (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner Re-learn remote box and handheld remote  Faulty pilot Replace pilot		Blocked orifice	Check orifice opening	
remains on (Optional) Receiver not sync with remote Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.  (if optional remote) battery too low Change batteries  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner Re-learn remote box and handheld remote  Faulty pilot Replace pilot	Duman dans and Balat to 1, 22,1	Loose wire connections	Check valve/control module connections	
(if optional remote) battery too low  (if optional remote) remote not controlling burner  Re-learn remote box and handheld remote  Faulty pilot  Replace pilot		(Optional) Receiver not sync with remote	Sync receiver with remote. See page 34.	
burner Re-learn remote box and nandneid remote  Faulty pilot Replace pilot		(if optional remote) battery too low	Change batteries	
			Re-learn remote box and handheld remote	
		Faulty pilot	Replace pilot	
Faulty valve   Replace valve		Faulty valve	Replace valve	

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PROBLEM OBSERVED	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE MEASURE
	Low gas pressure	Check gas supply pressure
	Loose sensor wire	Check wire connection
	Valve not grounded well	Check ground connections
	Clogged or dirty burner ports	Clean burner ports
	(For fireplace equipped with optional	Move (optional) remote away from fireplace
Burner lights but does not stay lit while pilot remains on	thermostat or thermostat remote) Room temperature is higher than thermostat setting	Set higher temperature on (Optional) remote/ thermostat
	(Optional) Remote control batteries failing	Replace batteries in remote transmitter and receiver
	Faulty pilot or thermocouple (millivolts)	Replace pilot
	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	Flame sensor dirty	Clean pilot sensor
	Low gas pressure	Check gas supply pressure
	Not enough fresh air for pilot	Open door or window - ventilate
	Clogged or dirty burner ports	Clean burner ports
Burner & pilot light but will not	(For fireplace equipped with optional	Move (optional) remote away from fireplace
stay lit	thermostat or thermostat remote) Room temperature is higher than thermostat setting	Set higher temperature on (Optional) remote/ thermostat
	(Optional) Remote control batteries failing	Replace batteries in remote transmitter and receiver
	Faulty pilot or thermocouple	Replace pilot
	Incorrect gas supply or pressure	Check gas supply pressure
	Blocked orifice	Check orifice opening
Incorrect burner flame	Clogged or dirty burner ports	Clean burner ports
	Faulty valve	Replace valve
	High altitude	Adjust orifice size for altitude or pressure
	Clogged or dirty burner ports	Clean burner ports
Backfire of burner	Blocked orifice	Check orifice opening
	High/Low gas pressure	Check gas supply pressure
Appliance produces unwanted odors	Initial burn-off of manufacturing chemicals	Ventilate room until odor stops
	Vapors from paint, candles, air fresheners, hairspray, glue, etc.	Ventilate room until odor stops. Do not use paint, candles, air fresheners, hairspray, glue, etc around fireplace
	Check gas pressure	Adjust gas pressure to recommended setting.
	Air in gas line	Bleed lines
Whistle noise from appliance	Flex line pinched or too small diameter line	Replace pinched flexline, replace gas feed line with larger diameter, or non-whistle gas flexline (sold separately)



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# VFPC(20,28)IN PARTS LIST

INDEX	MODELS				
NUMBER	VFPC20IN33	VFPC28IN33	VFPC20IN73	VFPC28IN73	DESCRIPTION
1	-	-	-	-	INSERT PAINTED ASSY
2	39769	39770	39769	39770	BAFFLE, FLUE
3	21642	21642	21642	21642	BRICK LINER BRACKET
4	R9192	R9196	R9192	R9196	BRICK PANEL, BACK
5	R9195	R9198	R9195	R9198	BRICK PANEL, RIGHT SIDE
6	R9194	R9197	R9194	R9197	BRICK PANEL, LEFT SIDE
7	R10434	R10434	R10434	R10434	BRICK PANEL, BACK LEG
8	39380	39777	39380	39777	BARRIER SCREEN ASSEMBLY
9	-	11833	-	-	PILOT SHIELD (NATURAL ONLY)
10	P253	P253	P253	P253	FITTING, ORIFICE ANGLED
11	P288 (2.10MM)	P203 (#38)	P288 (2.10MM)	P203 (#38)	ORIFICE - NATURAL
11	P182 (#55)	P185 (#52)	P182 (#55)	P185 (#52)	ORIFICE - PROPANE
12	R5676	R5676	R5676	R5676	AIR SHUTTER (NATURAL ONLY)
12	R5675	R5675	R5675	R5675	AIR SHUTTER-FULLY OPEN (PROPANE ONLY)
13	12347	18838	12347	18838	BURNER SUB-ASSEMBLY (NATURAL)
13	12348	18838	12348	18838	BURNER SUB-ASSEMBLY (PROPANE)
14	-	23694	-	23694	AIR SHUTTER SHIELD
15	40346	40347	40346	40347	BURNER BASE/GRATE TANG ASSY
16	-	30379	-	30379	SHIELD, PILOT
17	40318	-	40318	-	REAR LOG SUPPORT
18	26162	26162	-	-	PIEZO BRACKET
19	R9760	R9760	-	-	IGNITOR, PIEZO
20	R3624	R3624	-	-	PILOT (NATURAL)
20	R3623	R3623	-	-	PILOT (PROPANE)
21	R3626	R3626	-	-	VALVE, NATURAL
21	R3625	R3625	-	-	VALVE, PROPANE
22	R3436	R3436	-	-	SWITCH, REMOTE OFF/ON
23	26161	26161	-	-	VALVE BRACKET
24	R2423	R2423	R2423	R2423	CONNECTOR, MALE
25	R10947	R10947	-	-	WIRE ASSEMBLY
26	26708	26165	-	-	TUBING ASSEMBLY - INLET

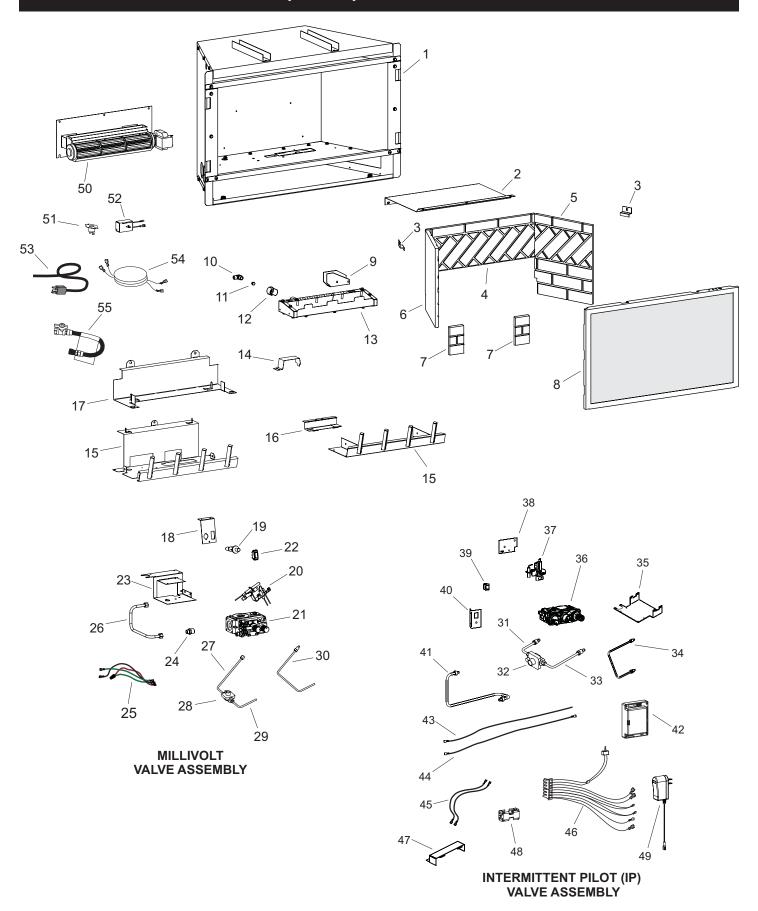
USE ONLY MANUFACTURER'S REPLACEMENT PARTS. USE OF ANY OTHER PARTS COULD CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# VFPC(20,28)IN PARTS LIST

INDEX	MODELS				
NUMBER	VFPC20IN33	VFPC28IN33	VFPC20IN73	VFPC28IN73	DESCRIPTION
27	33809	26169	-	-	TUBING ASSY, REGULATOR TO PILOT (NATURAL)
28	R7063	R7063	-	-	PILOT REGULATOR (NATURAL)
29	29816	26171	-	-	TUBING ASSY, REGULATOR TO VALVE (NATURAL)
30	26167	26167	-	-	TUBING ASSEMBLY - PILOT (PROPANE)
31	-	-	33809	29820	TUBING ASSY, PILOT TO REGULATOR (NATURAL)
32	-	-	R7063	R7063	PILOT REGULATOR (NATURAL)
33	-	-	29816	29819	TUBING ASSY, REGULATOR TO VALVE (NATURAL)
34	-	-	31378	31380	TUBING ASSEMBLY - PILOT (PROPANE)
35	-	-	29377	29377	VALVE BRACKET
36	-	-	R11125	R11125	VALVE - NATURAL
36	-	-	R11126	R11126	VALVE - PROPANE
37	-	-	R11328 - 2019	R11328 - 2019	PILOT (NATURAL)
37	-	-	R11327 - 2019	R11327 - 2019	PILOT (PROPANE)
38	-	-	29376	29376	PILOT BRACKET
39	-	-	R2522	R2522	ON/OFF SWITCH
40	-	-	29903	29903	SWITCH BRACKET
41	-	-	29813	29817	INLET TUBING ASSEMBLY
42	-	-	R12907	R12907	DFC CONTROL BOARD
43	-	-	R11332	R11332	24" SENSOR WIRE
44	-	-	R11333	R11333	24" IGNITOR WIRE
45	-	-	R2667	R2667	5-1/2" BLACK WIRE (QTY 2) ON/OFF SWITCH
46	-	-	R11123	R11123	WIRE HARNESS
47	-	-	30379	30379	SHIELD, PILOT
48	-	-	R11122	R11122	BATTERY HOLDER
49	-	-	R11128	R11128	7.0 VDC AC ADAPTER
50	24925	24925	24925	24925	BLOWER SUB-ASSY (WITH MOUNTING PLATE)
51	33411	33411	33411	33411	SWITCH & WIRE ASSEMBLY
52	18879	18879	18879	18879	RHEOSTAT ASSEMBLY (SPEED CONTROL)
53	R2204	R2204	R2204	R2204	CORD SET
54	R7912	R7912	R7912	R7912	WIRE HARNESS, FAN CONTROL
55	R7591	R7591	R7591	R7591	FLEXLINE 3/8" X 12

USE ONLY MANUFACTURER'S REPLACEMENT PARTS. USE OF ANY OTHER PARTS COULD CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# VFPC(20,28)IN PARTS VIEW

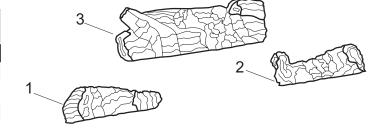


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# **LOGS PARTS LISTS & PARTS VIEWS**

ATTENTION: When ordering parts, it is very important that part number and description of part coincide.

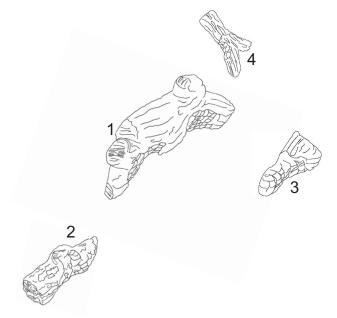
Index No.	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
		VFPC20IN LOG SET
1	R7504	LEFT FRONT LOG
2	R7505	RIGHT FRONT LOG
3	R7506	BACK LOG



USE ONLY MANUFACTURER'S REPLACEMENT PARTS. USE OF ANY OTHER PARTS COULD CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

ATTENTION: When ordering parts, it is very important that part number and description of part coincide.

Index No.	Part No.	Description
		VFPC28IN LOG SET
1	R8301	REAR LOG
2	R8299	LEFT FRONT LOG
3	R8300	RIGHT FRONT LOG
4	R8302	Y BRANCH



USE ONLY MANUFACTURER'S REPLACEMENT PARTS. USE OF ANY OTHER PARTS COULD CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# **MASTER PARTS DISTRIBUTOR LIST**

To Order Parts Under Warranty, please contact your local Empire dealer. See the dealer locator at www.empirecomfort. com. To provide warranty service, your dealer will need your name and address, purchase date and serial number, and the nature of the problem with the unit.

To Order Parts After the Warranty Period, please contact your dealer or one of the Master Parts Distributors listed below. This list changes from time to time. For the current list, please click on the Master Parts button at www.empirecomfort.com. Please note: Master Parts Distributors are independent businesses that stock the most commonly ordered Original Equipment repair parts for Heaters, Grills, and Fireplaces manufactured by Empire Comfort Systems Inc.

### **Dey Distributing**

1401 Willow Lake Boulevard Vadnais Heights, MN 55101

**Phone:** 651-490-9191 **Toll Free:** 800-397-1339

Website: www.deydistributing.com Parts: Heater, Hearth and Grills

### F. W. Webb Company

200 Locust Street Hartford, CT 06114

Phone: 860-722-2433 Toll Free: 800-243-9360 Fax: 860-293-0479

Toll Free Fax: 800-274-2004

Websites: www.fwwebb.com & www.victormfg.com

Parts: Heater, Hearth and Grills

## **East Coast Energy Products**

10 East Route 36 West Long Branch, NJ 07764

Phone: 732-870-8809 Toll Free: 800-755-8809 Fax: 732-870-8811

**Website:** www.eastcoastenergy.com **Parts: Heater, Hearth and Grills** 

# **HOW TO ORDER REPAIR PARTS**

### **Parts Not Under Warranty**

Parts can be ordered through your Service Person, Dealer, or a Master Parts Distributor. See this page for the Master Parts Distributors list. For best results, the **service person or dealer** should order parts through the distributor. Parts can be shipped directly to the **service person/dealer**.

#### **Warranty Parts**

Warranty parts will need a proof of purchase and can be ordered by your Service Person or Dealer. Proof of purchase is **required** for warranty parts.

All parts listed in the Parts List have a Part Number. When ordering parts, first obtain the Model Number and Serial Number from the name plate on your equipment. Then determine the Part Number (**not** the Index Number) and the Description of each part from the following illustration and part list. Be sure to give all this information . . .

Appliance Model Number	Part Description			
Appliance Serial Number	Part Number			
Type of Gas (Propane or Natural)				
Do not order bolts, screws, washers or nuts. They are standard hardwa	are items and can be purchased at any local hardware store.			
Shipments contingent upon strikes, fires and all causes beyond our control.				

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## **WARRANTY**

Empire Comfort Systems Inc. warranties this hearth product to be free from defects at the time of purchase and for the periods specified below. This warranty applies to the original purchaser only and is not transferable. All warranty repairs must be accomplished by a qualified gas appliance technician.

### Limited Lifetime Parts Warranty with a Five-Year Limited Labor Warranty - Combustion Chamber and Heat Exchanger

If the combustion chamber or heat exchanger (see parts list) fails because of defective workmanship or material, Empire will repair or replace it at Empire's option.

Within five years from the date of purchase, Empire will pay reasonable labor to have the defective part repaired or replaced at Empire's option.

# Limited Five-Year Parts & Labor Warranty – All Other Components (Except Remote Controls, Thermostats, Lights, Accessories and Replacement Parts)

Should any part fail because of defective workmanship or material within five years from the date of purchase, Empire will repair or replace it at Empire's option.

Within five years from the date of purchase, Empire will pay reasonable labor to an authorized dealer to have that defect repaired at Empire's option.

### Limited One-Year Parts Warranty - Remote Controls, Thermostats, Lights, Accessories, and Replacement Parts

Should any remote control, thermostat, lighting system, accessory, or replacement part fail because of defective workmanship within one year from the date of purchase, Empire will repair or replace it at Empire's option.

#### **Duties of the Owner**

Have the appliance installed by a qualified installer, and operate and maintain it in accordance with the furnished instructions Provide proof of purchase (receipt) to establish the purchase date, which determines the warranty start date. Provide ready access to the appliance for service.

#### What Is Not Covered

Damage caused by misuse or improper installation.

Damage caused by improper maintenance or lack of maintenance.

Claims that do not involve defective workmanship or materials.

Unauthorized service or replacement parts.

Travel, diagnostic costs and freight charges on warranted parts to and from the factory.

Removal and reinstallation cost.

#### How to Get Service

Provide the dealer with the model number, serial number, type of gas, and proof of purchase. The installing dealer is responsible for providing service and will contact the factory to initiate any warranted parts replacements. Empire will make replacement parts available at the factory. Shipping expenses are not covered.

If, after contacting your Empire dealer, the service received has not been satisfactory, send an e-mail describing the issue and any actions taken to info@empirecomfort.com with "Consumer Relations" in the subject line.

### Your Rights under State Law

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state.



# Empire Comfort Systems Inc. Belleville, IL

If you have a general question about our products, please e-mail us at info@empirecomfort.com.

If you have a service or repair question, please contact your dealer.

**SINCE 1932** 

www.empirecomfort.com

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